The Gettysburg Compiler
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BY H. J. STAHLE.

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ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the usual rates—Large reduction to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING, of every description—from the small visiting card to the largest handbill or poster—done with dispatch, in a workmanlike manner, and at the lowest living rates.

JOB OFFICE in Baltimore street, a few doors above the Diamond, on the opposite side, with "Gettysburg Compiler Office" on the building.

Gettysburg Compiler.

H. J. STAHLE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

GETTYSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, JANUARY 18, 1878.

NUMBER 18. SIXTIETH YEAR.

Season of 1878!

E. FRANK COE'S
SUPERPHOSPHATE.
Warranted Genuine.—Made of Pure Bone.—No Mixture to make certain or more concentrated. Refer to James L. Wills and J. E. Bear, Esqs.

Champion Reaper & Mower.
the only complete iron-frame Machine in the Market, and 30,000 manufactured for this year's sales.

True's Potato Planter.
Cuts and drops sound potatoes, and add fertilizer. One man can plant six acres in a day.

Wisner Horse Rake.
Any little girl or boy that can drive a gentle horse can rake the hay as well as the strongest man

FARMER'S FAVORITE GRAIN DRILL.
A Perfect Machine—An Accurate Distributer, and a combined Grass and Fertilizer Drill.

Randall's Grain Fan.
You can take out the best grain to seed, and leave the inferior grain in a merchantable condition.

Kissell's Corn Plow.
Sulkey Pattern—you can walk or ride—and finish a row at a time.

Berlin and Wallace Barshear Ploughs.
Not excelled by any others.

Steam Engines.
The Eclipse, portable and stationary, manufactured by Field & Co., Waynesboro'. Also Stationary Engines and Boilers, Circular Saw Mills, &c.

☞ To be seen at the Warehouse of SAMUEL HERBST, Gettysburg.

James Bigham, Agent.
April 30, 1875. tf

J. KRALL & SON'S
MACHINERY DEPOT,
York Springs,
ADAMS COUNTY PA.
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
HOFFHEINS SOLID BOX
REAPER AND MOWER
WITH SIDE-RAKE. ALSO
Shireman's Improved Keystone Separating Attachments,
and other Combined Threshers, SHIREMAN'S HAND AND SELF-DUMPING HORSERAKE, CORN PLANTERS, CORN SHELLERS, STRAW CUTTERS, &c. Also all kinds of REPAIRING done at shortest notice. J. KRALL & SON.
June 4, 1875. tf

100
FARMERS WANTED
TO BUY THE
Buckeye Reaper,
With MILLER'S TABLE RAKE,
FOR THE SEASON OF 1877.
THIS Machine has been gradually gaining popularity until it now stands SO, I ask COMPLETE MACHINE. As a Reaper it has no superior, two drive wheels, no gearing on the main wheels; Two Gather Bars and three Knives to each machine. The running gear of this machine is the same as the Buckeye except the frame, which is iron, making it more durable and stronger in every respect. In ordering this machine in the harvest, we warrant it with a fair trial to do as good work as any other one thing in the market, or no sale. Before buying don't forget to examine this machine carefully, and see the advantages it has over other machines that are called No 1.
Read what the Judges at the Centennial in Philadelphia, last summer, say—"there having been forty-six reapers in the contest:
"We, the undersigned, bound after the Self Rake Reapers exhibited and operated at the Centennial field trial held on the farm of the Moshannon Park Association, have unanimously pronounce the BUCKEYE TABLE RAKE REAPER as the easiest Machine to bind sheaves, it having the Divide in such even condition and compactness that it was easy to bind three sheaves after the Buckeye Table Rakes as from any other of the Self Rake Machines."
Warranted to do as good work as any other Reaper in the market.
Extra Sickles, Guards and Pitmans always on hand.
Circulars with full description of the Buckeye Table Rake Reaper, sent free to any address.
Agents wanted in every township in Adams county, to whom a liberal discount will be made.
Address, J. KRALL & SON,
York Springs, Adams County, Pa.
June 1, 1877. 1y

Threshers and Separators.
THE MONITOR STEAM ENGINE. This is an upright portable engine. For safety from explosion and fire, ease of setting for work, economy in fuel and water, and ease of transportation, we challenge inspection of this engine before purchasing any other. Send for catalogue circulars.

White Water Wagon.
Equally as good, and cheaper than any in the market.

Ploughs of Different Makes.
Amongst them the MOUNT JOY, that has given such satisfaction in the past. SHARE, CLEVIS AND DOUBLE SHOVEL PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS AND FARM IMPLEMENTS generally.

Phosphate.
A No. 1 article. Reduced in price to compete with the times. $38.00 per ton at the warehouse.
Another article prepared expressly for corn and potatoes. Price $45.00.
Having had long experience in handling agricultural implements of all kinds and considerable in selling different kinds of fertilizers, will offer nothing unless I know it to be good and to give satisfaction.
Thankful for past patronage I ask my old customers and all others to give me a call and examine for themselves.
Samples can be seen at Waterson of Wm. Biddle, formerly Bigham's, corner of Washington and Railroad Streets, opposite Wills's Warehouse. DON'T FORGET THE PLACE!
For circulars address me at Gettysburg or call at the warehouse.
WM. WILLS,
April 5, 1877. tf Agent.

FOR SELECT SCHOOL.
ENCOURAGED by the representations of numerous parents, I have commenced to open a Private School in Gettysburg, with a view to a permanent
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL
For Boys and Girls.
I will be ready to receive, at my rooms, in Gettysburg, on Monday, September 3, at 9 A. M., such pupils as are sent to me.
Thorough instruction in English branches, Algebra, Latin and Greek. Further notice as to terms, &c., in due time.
Jno. P. McCreary.
July 19, 1877. tf

A. GATES STONESIFER,
MACHINIST,
IS prepared to do all kinds of Repairing to Machinery, from the smallest things to the largest Engine. Cleaning and repairing Sewing Machines a Specialty.
Terms reasonable and work guaranteed. Orders left at J. M. Walter's Grocery Store, York Street, Gettysburg, will be promptly attended to.
Gettysburg, Sept. 5, 1877. tf

High Constable!
GEO. W. MYERS,
HAVING been elected to the office of High Constable, will attend to all business entrusted to him. Residence on West Middle street, Gettysburg, a few doors below Newport's Bakery.
June 1, 1875. tf

Attorneys, Physicians, &c.

D. McConaughy,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, office one door west of Buehler's Drug Store, Chambersburg St., opposite Junction Hotel, Gettysburg, Pa. Will attend to all business in the Courts of Adams and adjoining counties, collections and settlement of estates. All legal business and claims to Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, and Damages against United States, attended to promptly and collections promptly collected.
Land Warrants located, and choice Farms for sale in Iowa and other Western States.
July 19, 1878. tf

EDWD S. REILY. J. L. KENDLEHART.
Reily & Kendlehart,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
GETTYSBURG, PA.
Office on Baltimore street, opposite the Court-House.
Dec. 11, 1876. tf

W. A. Duncan,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Will promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him.
Office immediately in Baltimore street, next door to his residence.
Gettysburg, Sept. 24, 1875. tf

J. C. Neely,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office removed to the northwest corner of the Diamond.
Gettysburg, Sept. 24, 1875. tf

Jacob A. Kitzmiller,
ATTORNEY AT LAW AND NOTARY PUBLIC, has removed his office to that recently occupied by John M. Krauth, Esq., on Baltimore street, near High, east side. Will promptly attend to collections and all other business entrusted to him.
Gettysburg, April 7, 1877. tf

H. B. Woods,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
GETTYSBURG, PA.
OFFICE—On Baltimore Street, one door north of the Diamond, in the large brick building, second floor.
Feb. 12, 1875. tf

David Wills,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
GETTYSBURG, PA.
Office in residence, southeast corner of Diamond.
Jan. 29, 1875. tf

John M. Krauth,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Gettysburg, Pa., will collect promptly all legal business promptly attended to.
Office on Baltimore street, south of the Court-House.
July 16, 1875. tf

Samuel M'C. Swope,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to all legal business intrusted to him. Office southwest corner of the Diamond.
March 25, 1876. tf

Dr. J. L. Bachr,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, MIDDLETOWN, Adams county, Pa. Office in Centre Square. Will promptly attend to all calls in his profession. Professionally engaged.
Aug. 7, 1876. tf

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.,
DENTIST, has his office on door west of the Lutheran church on Chambersburg street, and opposite Dr. C. Horner's office, where those wishing to have any Dental operation performed are respectfully invited to call. REFERENCE—Drs. Horner, Rev. Prof. M. Jacobs, D. D.
Gettysburg, April 19, '75.

H. L. Diehl, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, Office on West Middle Street, 1st Square, in the house formerly occupied by Hugh A. Steele.
Special attention given to diseases of women and children.
April 5, 1877. tf

Dr. A. P. Beaver,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, has permanently located in Fairfield, Pa., and offers his professional services to the people of that town and vicinity. Office two doors below Shields & Musselman's Store, where he can be found at all hours when not professionally engaged.
Aug. 17, 1876. tf

Dr. T. T. Tate
HAS resumed the Practice of Medicine in Gettysburg. Office at his residence, on Chambersburg street, recently occupied by Mrs. Butterline.
March 8, 1872. tf

Dr. F. C. Wolf,
HAVING LOCATED AT KANSTERLIN, ADAMS COUNTY, Pa., hopes that by strict attention to his professional duties he may merit a share of the public patronage.
April 7, 1876. tf

Dr. J. J. Zitzer,
OF Baltimore, late of Carlisle, will visit Gettysburg professionally on the 1st and 15th of each and every month, hereafter, remaining several days each visit.
July 27, 1875. tf

ROBERT HORNER. J. M. RADEBAUGH.
Drs. Horner & Radebaugh,
PHYSICIANS OF MEDICINE,
Chambersburg St., GETTYSBURG, PA.
Feb. 1, 1877. tf.

Dr. Walter H. O'Neal,
OFFICE with his father, BALTIMORE STREET, near High, Gettysburg, Pa.
April 13, 1871. tf

Dr. C. E. Eckenrode,
DENTIST, would respectfully inform the public generally that he can now be found at NEW OXFORD, Wednesday and Thursday of each week, at BONNEAUVILLE, every Saturday, and at his office, (A. ECKENRODE'S,) in Mummasburg, every Monday, to perform all kinds of business. Charges moderate, and all work guaranteed. Office in New Oxford opposite Lutheran church; in Bonneauville at Dr. T. C. Kinzer's.
Sept. 26, 1877. 3y

Dr. James L. Rea,
FORMERLY of Harrisburg, has permanently located at MIDDLETOWN, Adams county, and will promptly attend to all calls, day or night.
Sept. 26, 1877. tf

Dr. W. J. McClure,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, AND ACCOUCHEUR, having permanently located in NEW OXFORD, will practice his profession in all its branches, his friends and all others desiring his professional services are requested to call and consult him at his office, in Hunter's street.
May 26, 1876. tf

THE HARVEST HOME
Cook Stove.
THE VERY BEST
AND LARGEST
Cook Stove on the Market
IS THE
HARVEST HOME,
MANUFACTURED by Thomas, Roberts, Stevenson & Co., Quicksilver, Pa. There has been a prejudice among some people that the No. 7 is a small stove, indicated by the size. It only indicates the size of the lifter in the top. Some No. 8 stoves are not larger than other No. 7.
THE OVEN IT IS STORE IS LARGER, AND BAKES BETTER than other ovens, where the height is needed. Rush any other Cook Stove. Call and see it at
THE WARE ROOMS
OF
C. H. BUEHLER,
Gettysbug, Pa.,
C. H. BUEHLER is the agent for Laughlin's STRAW & FODDER CUTTER.
The ease with which this cutter is worked, combined with necessary the use of horse-power, not a small boy can do the work for a large farm. No one questions the fact that it is the best machine in use anywhere.
January 13, 1876. tf

FAMILY GROCERIES
And Liquors.
MRS. A. C. KALBFLEISCH
CONTINUES the Grocery and Liquor business at the old Kalbfleisch stand, in Baltimore street, next door to the Post Office, Gettysburg, where she sells
GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,
such as COFFEES, SUGARS, MOLASSES, SYRUPS, TEAS, BACON, FISH, FLOUR of best brands, and all else in this line. Also
WINES AND LIQUORS
of all kinds, at prices to suit the times. Everything is sold at the lowest living profits, and the stock is kept full by constant additions, so that the public may rely upon buying cheap and good goods.
☞ Butter, Eggs, &c., wanted. ☜
June 11, 1877. tf

IT is now acknowledged fact that CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED. It has been cured in a very great number of cases (some of them apparently desperate ones) by Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup alone, and in others by the same medicine in connection with Schenck's Sea Weed Tonic and Mandrake Pills, one or both, according to the requirements of the case.
The old supposition that "Consumption is incurable," for many years deterred Physicians from attempting to find a remedy for that disease, and patients afflicted with it received themselves to death without an effort being made to save them from a doom which was considered inevitable.
Dr. Schenck himself was supposed at one time to be at the very gate of death, his Physicians having pronounced his case hopeless and abandoned him to his fate; he was cured by the aforesaid medicines and afterward enjoyed uninterrupted good health for more than forty years. Thousands of people have used Dr. Schenck's preparations with the same remarkable success.
Schenck's Almanac, containing a thorough treatise on Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, &c., can be had gratis of any druggist, or of J. H. Schenck & Son, Philadelphia. Full directions for the use of Schenck's medicines accompany each package.
Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Sea Weed Tonic and Mandrake Pills are for sale by all druggists.
Jan. 4, 1878. 1m

HEALTH AND HAPPINESS.
HEALTH and Happiness are priceless blessings. Health is the foundation of all earthly happiness, and yet how many are within the reach of every one who will find it!
Wrights Liver Pills,
the only safe Cure for Torpid Liver, Dyspepsia, Headache, Sick Stomach, Constipation, Debility, Nervousness and all bilious complaints. Best disorders. Some genuine are signed "Wm. Wright, Phila." If your druggist will not supply send 25 cents for one box to Wright, Butler & Co., 704 N. 4th St., Phila.
Dec. 28, 1877. 1y m

FALL AND WINTER
MILLINERY.
Miss Sallie P. Horner
HAS returned from the city with a full stock of
MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS,
of the latest and most approved styles, which will be sold at LOW PRICES.
Ribbons and Velvet Bars for 50 cents and upwards—real Ostrich Tips at 50 cents and other goods equally low.
Ladies are invited to call and examine for themselves.
Bonnets and Millinery Goods always on hand.
Ladies are invited to call and examine her assortment at her well known establishment
CHAMBERSBURG STREET, OPPOSITE BUEHLER'S DRUG STORE,
GETTYSBURG, PA.
Oct. 26, 1877. 3m

BARGAINS!
TO SUIT THE TIMES, TO BE HAD AT
RUFUS E. CULP'S,
Chambersburg St., near the Diamond,
Gettysburg, Pa.,
(Formerly Picking's, and recently Kitzer's,)
FALL & WINTER STOCK
OF
Ready-Made Clothing,
now on hand, including Dress Coats, Overcoats, Pants, Vests, Cheapest Suits, Cloth Suits in variety, Gents' Furnishing Goods, &c.
NOT TO BE UNDERSOLD!
Come and See!
Oct. 26, 1877. tf

H. OVERDEER. S. P. FLEIGLE.
OVERDEER & FLEIGLE,
(SUCCESSORS to Cushman & Overdeer)
DEALERS IN
COAL, LIME & LUMBER,
Gettysburg, Pa.,
Will keep constantly on hand a good assortment of all kinds of Coal for family use, Blacksmithing, &c.
COAL, LIME AND LUMBER DELIVERED IN TOWN.
All orders promptly attended to at reasonable rates.
FAIRBANK'S SCALES, for all kinds of heavy weighing.
April 13, 1877. tf

PIUS J. NOEL,
DEALER IN
Groceries and Liquors,
NEW OXFORD, PA.
THE undersigned, in the southeast corner of the Public Square, New Oxford, Adams county, Pa., offers a full line of
Groceries,
SUGARS, COFFEES, TEAS, SYRUPS, MOLASSES, &c., with FISH, Salt, Soap, Brooms, Wooden Ware, Crockery Ware, &c., HAMS, SHOULDERS, SIDES, LARD, with everything usually found in a first-class Grocery Store. He likewise keeps for sale
WINES, BRANDIES, GINS,
Whiskies, Rums, &c., all prime liquors.
WHISKEY he offers good Goods, he sells at the lowest profits, and hopes thereby to do a large trade. Thankfully paid to give him a call, and examine goods and prices.
March 29, 1876. tf PIUS J. NOEL.

PIANOS, 7 Octaves, $190.
ORGANS, 10-Stop, $100.
Wonderful Improvements, securing Indifficable Accuracy.
UNIVERSITY PIANOS AND ORGANS,
Beautiful Rosewood Cases—Powerful Tone—Every Excellence.
7 1-3 Octave, FULL AGRAFFE, $410.
The Sweetest Tone and Most Durable Pianos ever made.
Uprights, Beautiful Cases, in Fancy Woods, $215.
ORGANS.
$100, $117, $130, $150, 10, 12, 11, 15 Stops.
Magnificent Cases, with Fancy Top, and beautiful ornamentation.
Both Pianos and Organs sent for examination. Finest Case. Order through your own town. Banker or Business man.
Every Instrument guaranteed Six years.
Address,
M. KRIHAL & SMITH PIANO CO.,
47 University Place, New York.
Oct. 12, 1877. 3m

Farmers and Everybody,
LOOK HERE.
Earthen Drain and Field Tiles
CAN be had of JOHN BECKMAN, by whom they are manufactured in Oxford township, Adams county, Pa., near Lilly's Mill, and of GEORGE F. KALBFLEISCH, in Gettysburg, Pa. Price from $25 to $35 per thousand feet, according to size and quantity. They are made in the best manner, of good material, and cannot fail to give satisfaction. Try them.
Aug. 31, 1876. tf

Use Dr. Van Dyke's
SULPHUR SOAP.
CURES and prevents Chapping of the Hands and face, and beautifies the complexion!
ROSE OR GERANIUM OR JASMINE IS THE ODOR.
Sold by Druggists. Price 50 cents.
Dec. 28, 1877. (Out. 26, '77-1y)

PATENTS.
F. A. LEHMAN, Solicitor of American and Foreign Patents, Washington, D. C. All business connected with Patents, whether before the Patent Office or the courts, promptly attended to. No charges made unless a patent is secured. Send for a circular.
Jan. 11, 1878. tf

Miscellaneous.

THE NEW SLED.

Who would have thought
When it was brought,
That dull dark day, so bleak and chill,
Before the glow
Of the shining snow
Lay cheery and white on snow and hill,
What a wonder of speed
It held indeed,
In scarlet runner and polished shoe!
For very time
Looked the painted name,
The "Swallow" upon it in letters blue.
But now that the height
Is lay white,
And the "Swallow" is flying with flashing wings,
With a speck of black
Perched on its back,—
The speck being Teddy, who clings and clings.
We all of us know,
It was only the snow
It needed to prove its name was fit;
And as swift a bird
As ever stirred
The air with its flight, must yield to it
I watch my boy
With his cherished toy,
Come skimming along the course, and then
At the foot each time
Turn back, and climb
The beaten difficult hill again.
And I know that the good
Fresh ruddy blood
Runs warm and strong from top to toe,
And Teddy's heart
Is the lightest part
Of the "Swallow" flying along the snow.
—*Mrs. Clara Doty Bates.*

SAVED BY LIGHTNING.

"It looks like a shower, don't it, Reuben?" said a young, fair-looking matron, standing in the doorway of a cabin just as the sun was dropping behind the tree tops to the west, in one of the frontier settlements of Minnesota.

A young man, hardy and strong, was coming up from the "clearing" down by the river, with the axe he had been wielding all through the day thrown over his shoulders. These words from his wife saluted his ears as he came near, and caused him to turn his head and glance southward, where a great bank of sable clouds was piled high against the evening sky.

"Yes, Ruth, it does look like it," he answered. "I thought I heard it thunder just before I left work."

"It looks as though it will be a heavy one," she said, a little apprehensively, for to tell the truth she was a little cowardly in this respect.

To this her husband made no reply, but playfully pushing her aside from the doorway, he entered the cabin, and at once took down his rifle from the hooks where it was hanging.

"What have you seen to shoot, Reuben?" she said. "Don't go out again to-night, for supper is waiting now."

"I am not going," he answered quietly. "I am only making sure that my rifle is in good order—but still I may have an occasion to use it before morning."

The young woman turned pale.

"You don't mean to say that the savages are here again?" she asked.

"You may as well know the truth at once, Ruth," said her husband looking her full in the face. "There are redskins hanging about here, and I'm afraid they mean us mischief. I've seen no less than three at one time within an hour, skulking along the edge of the wood. Their motions tell me that we had better be on our guard to night—were they friendly they would have come openly to me or to the cabin."

"Oh, Reuben! what shall we do?" and her eyes sought the bed, where a rosy cheeked boy of some two summers was lying fast asleep.

"We must do the best we can. The cabin is stout and strong, and I doubt about their being able to break in should they try it. But you must have a lot of courage, Ruth. Maybe it won't be needed, and I hope it won't. Now let us make sure that the cabin is all tight, when we will have that supper, which you say is waiting."

He spoke cheerfully, but could not dispel the fears that filled her heart, and made her face as pale as death.

The heavy oaken shutters of the two small windows were put in place and made secure there, and then the door was closed and barred, and a large stick of timber that was kept for that purpose was placed against it. When the preparations had been completed Reuben announced that he was ready for his supper. This was soon placed upon the table, and it must be confessed that the danger which hovered over them did not in the least diminish his appetite. But Ruth could hardly swallow a mouthful, and she wondered how it was that her husband could. She was thinking only of the danger that menaced them, and listening for the slightest sound that came from without.

The darkness increased, and the sound of distant thunder broke upon their ears. Through a chink in the shutter they saw the cloud in the south was fast rising and spreading itself over the heavens, hastening on the fast coming darkness.

"We shall get a good shower," said Reuben.

"I hope so," answered his wife. "If there is it may keep the savages under cover of the forest to-night."

"Hush!" said Reuben; "what was that?"

Both were silent and holding their breath to listen. In a moment the sound was repeated. It was a footstep without. Ruth trembled with apprehension. Then another and another was heard.

The redskins were about the cabin.

"They have come," cried Ruth in a low tone.

"Yes," said Reuben. "Hark! let us see what they mean to do."

A minute later, and the door was shaken violently. Then a savage without, exclaimed in broken English:

"White man open door. Injuns want to come in."

To this appeal Reuben made no answer. He had no idea of granting the request, and words he knew would do no good. Again the demand was made. But as before no answer was returned. Then there came a few moments of silence on their part. The mutterings of the thunder were nearer and deeper. The tempest was fast coming. Suddenly there came so fearful a blow upon the door that it made the entire cabin tremble, while Ruth gave utterance to a shrill cry of alarm.

"Courage," said her husband; "they are trying to batter the door down, but ha rdly think they can do it. They can not so long as the prop holds as well as it does now."

"It is not for myself I fear," she said. "It is for our child, Reuben."

"We will do our best to save him, and our own lives," he answered. "Even though the door gave way, with my rifle I can do much to save us."

Once more a terrible blow was dealt upon the door, and at the same moment a vivid flash of lightning, followed by a peal of thunder, that seemed to shake the solid earth. So tremendous was the blow the savages dealt that the prop against the door gave way, and fell from its place, and the door itself trembled as though it was coming down. The heart of Reuben sank within his breast. Another such a blow must place them at the mercy of the savages. Only his rifle would stand between them and death. But at this moment Providence interposed its hand. As though the peal of thunder had been a signal for the tempest to commence, the rain came down in torrents. Not knowing the execution their last blow had done, the savages hesitated as the storm broke upon them.

A little way from the cabin stood a large oak that the settlers had spared for its beauty and grateful shade. To the shelter of this the savages fled, to wait until the tempest was over. Thus our friends had a respite for a time. Hastily Reuben replaced the prop and did his best to make the door secure again.

Ten minutes passed, and the rain came down as though there was a second deluge upon the earth. He heard nothing of the savages, but he thought he knew where they were, and that the attack would be renewed as soon as the rain had ceased.

Suddenly there came a vivid flash of lightning, followed by a report that seemed to shake the earth as though it was a leaf suspended in mid-air. For a long time they sat half dazed and stunned by the report, and when at last they were themselves again the rain had ceased. A bright light shone without, and Reuben once more gazed through the crevice to see what it meant.

The oak was riven into a thousand fragments, and its trunk was on fire. Scattered among the debris lay the mangled forms of the savages. The same blow that had blasted the oak had deprived them all of life.

In after days Reuben and Ruth told their grandchildren how it was they were saved by lightning.

WHEN a man is nominated for a political office it behooves him to leave no stone unturned to make himself popular, but he shouldn't overstep the mark, as a candidate in a neighboring county did. This man not only joined two fire companies, a base ball club, three secret societies, a military company, and two churches, but he undertook to teach a class in Sunday school. His success in this latter direction was rather deplorable, for while he was explaining to his class that Adam's fall was caused by a limb of an apple tree snapping off while Adam was up hooking pippins for Eve, and that Abel killed Goliah with a two-edged sword, and Cain built the ark in forty days and forty nights, an ill-mannered little boy with white hair and a freckled face, but who was pretty well up in catechism, told his teacher to "wipe off his chin with the jaw-bone of a mule." The class had a new teacher on the following Sunday, and the candidate ran behind his ticket two hundred in his own town.—*Norristown Herald.*

A KENTUCKY preacher rose to speak, and opened the Bible. The first verse that met his eye happened to be, "The voice of the turtle shall be heard in the land." "Brethering," said he, "at first sight one would not think there was much in this text, but, on a little consideration, you will see there is a great deal in it. Now, you all know what a turtle is. If you've been along by a pond, you have seen them on a log sunning themselves. Now, it is said, 'The voice of the turtle shall be heard through the land.' But the turtle hasn't any voice that anybody ever heard; so it must be the noise he makes in plunging off into the water. Hence, we conclude that immersion is meant, and that immersion will become universal."

A LITTLE boy of four years, standing in the moonlight by his sister, aged six, said to her, "Isn't God a good man, Nelly, to give us such a beautiful moon?" "Oh, Freddy," said the sister, in earnest remonstrance, "don't call God a man, for if ever there was a gentleman, I'm sure God is one!"

A DEWITT county teacher has adopted a plan, whereby, when a girl misses a word, the boy who spells it has the right to kiss her. The Clinton *Press* says: "The result is that the girls are fast forgetting all they ever knew about spelling, while the boys are improving with wonderful rapidity."

WHEN old Jubal Early heard of Lee's surrender he was lying in an ambulance, racked with rheumatism; he swore like a pirate for a moment, and then turned in his uneasy bed with a groan and exclaimed, "Blow your horn, Gabriel!"

A MAN walks three miles in an hour; a horse trots seven; steamboats run eighteen; sailing vessels make ten; slow rivers flow four, rapid seven; moderate wind blows seven, and storms thirty-six; hurricanes eighty.

A GENTLEMAN one day was making away with a large pudding close by when he was told by a servant that it was a dessert. "It matters not to me," said he, "I would eat it if it were a wilderness."

IT is a Spanish maxim "he that loseth much; he who loseth a friend, loseth more; but he who loseth his spirits, loseth all!" So keep up your spirits, and a fig for care!

THE gravest beast is an ass; the gravest bird is an owl; the gravest fish is an oyster; and the gravest man is a fool, unless he happens to be Josh Billings.

POTATO-PARING matches are the latest wrinkle in rural circles. If good for nothing else, they afford the young folks a *tater-tete.*

THE tramp says: "There is arrest for the weary."

HAVE you turned over a new leaf?

WOULD NOT RECIPROCATE.

The following from the Fairchild (Me.) *Chronicle* is neatly done and has wide application outside of Maine:

He was the manager of a church fair and one morning he walked into the newspaper office and said:

"Want an item this morning?"

"Of course," replied the editor, whereupon the visitor laid the following note upon the table:

"The ladies of the —— street church will give a festival at their vestry ball next Friday evening. Literary and musical entertainments will be provided, and a supper will be served to all who desire. The ladies in charge of the affair have much experience in such matters and are sure to have a good time. The admission will be only 15 cents, and it is certain that no one can spend that amount to better advantage. Be sure and go and take your friends."

When the editor had read it he said:

"Oh, I see, an advertisement."

"No, not an advertisement. We prefer to have it go in the local column," replied the manager.

And seeing the editor look skeptical he continued:

"It will interest a great many of your readers and help a good cause; besides we have spent so much money getting up our entertainment that we can't afford to advertise it without increasing the price of tickets. In such a matter we ought to be willing to help each other."

"Well," said the editor, "if it goes into the locals, I suppose you would be willing to reciprocate by reading a little notice in the church next Sunday."

The visiting brother asked what notice, and the editor wrote and handed him the following:

"The *Weekly Chronicle* for the coming year will be the best and cheapest family paper in Maine. Its proprietor has had much experience, and has all the helps which a large outlay of money can procure. His paper has a larger circulation than any other published in the county, and is to be furnished at only two dollars. It is certain that no one can spend that amount to a better advantage. Be sure to take the *Chronicle* and subscribe for your friends."

The manager hemmed and hesitated, and then said, solemnly, that he doubted whether it would be judicious to read such a notice, suggested that if it was printed, copies of it might be distributed at the door of the vestry on the evening of the entertainment.

"Yes," said the editor, "but it would attract more attention in the middle of a sermon. It will interest a large number of your congregation and help a good cause, beside so much money is spent upon the *Chronicle* that I don't see how the owner can afford to print handbills to advertise without increasing the subscription price. In such a matter as this, we ought to be willing to help each other."

Then the gentleman saw the situation and went straight out, without leaving so much as a complimentary ticket.

A HOME JOURNAL—*A GOOD IDEA.*—In a certain farm house, twenty years ago, a great blank book was kept and labeled "Home Journal." Every night some one made an entry in it. Father set down in it the sale of calves, or mother the cut of the baby's eyetooth; or perhaps Jenny wrote a full account of the sleighing party last night; or Bob the proceedings of the Philota Club; or Tom scrawled, "Tried my new gun. Bully! Shot into the fence and hit Johnson's old cat."

On toward the middle of the book was the entry of Jenny's marriage, and one of the younger girls had added a description of the bridesmaids' dresses, and long after this there was written, "This day father died." In Bob's trembling hand. There was a blank of many months after that.

But nothing could have served better to bind that family of headstrong boys together than the keeping of this book. They come back to the old homestead now, men and women with grizzled hair, to see their mother, who is still living, and turn over the pages reverently, with many a hearty laugh, or the tears coming into their eyes. It is their childhood come back again in visible shape.—*Scribner's Monthly.*

EVENING GAMES FOR THE YOUNG FOLKS.—One is a geographical game. Let some one say, "Columbus, Ohio," for instance; the next in the circle must give a town, the name beginning with either the first or final letter of the town before mentioned, always giving the State in which it is, after Columbus, as "Concord, Mass.," or "Salem, Mass.," and so on, a fine being exacted in case a town is repeated. Another: Each one of the company writes a *word* on a slip of paper, and a *question* on another slip. All then draw a word or a question; the *question* must be answered and the *word* brought in, in the answer. A good deal of ingenuity and literary ability are sometimes shown. Try it and see what a nice game this is. Another is a simple one: Count, and every time seven comes in, either as a figure or a multiple (as 17 or 28) say "Jacob." If you forget, pay a fine. Begin, one, two, three, four, five, six, Jacob," and so on.

A BOY came along to one of our neighbors, holding a very dirty dog, and asked the gentleman of the house: "Don't you want to buy a dog, Mister?" "What kind of a dog is it?" asked the gentleman. The boy looked puzzled. "Well," said he, "it is part terrier." "And what is the rest?" asked the gentleman. "The rest," answered the boy, "why, the rest is—is—just dog."

A FORMAL CALL is very long if it lasts half an hour. A gentleman precedes a lady in going up stairs and in crossing the streets. If you meet a gentleman friend with a strange lady on his arm, salute both.

IT costs the women of America $8,000,000 per year to keep their faces painted, and then they want good clothes besides.

WHAT is that which lives in the winter, dies in the summer, and always grows with its roots upward? An icicle.

Benjamin B.
Told Annie D.
That him would have she
If her would have he.

THE military telegraph line around the Texas frontier to El Paso and up to Misula, N. M., has been completed.

HAD A RIGHT TO LAUGH.

There is a legend affirming that one day nearly one hundred years ago, the snow was seven feet deep on the streets of Boston. On that day not a woman was seen down town, but the next day, when the snow had settled a foot or so, they were abroad as usual. They were out wading through the slush and jumping the pools, and one of them fell "kersplash!" as she passed the soldiers' monument. A man thirty feet away began laughing uproariously. He got red in the face, tears came to his eyes, and his hat fell off as he laughed and cried out:

"Went right down like a bag of sand—slush a foot deep—starched up to kill—never saw anybody look so cheap—oh! ho! ho!

"You are no gentleman, sir," said a man who had witnessed the mishap.

"Can't help that—ha! ha! ha!" laughed the other, bending almost double.

"You haven't the first instincts of a gentleman, sir," continued the other, growing very mad.

"I know it, but ho! ho! ho!" screamed the other, "I know just how she felt as she went down carrying all that style, and I—ha! ha! ha!"

"I don't see anything so very funny in it," growled the other.

"No, you don't, but I—!" And he hung to the lamp post and laughed till his legs weakened. When he had recovered his breath he explained to the crowd:

"It was my wife, you see. She probably wanted a pair of shoe strings or two cents' worth of silk twist, and it took her three hours to curl and twist, and powder and fix up to come down here and wade around. Then to fall flat with all her best duds on, and to be helped up by a rag-buyer, and to hear the boys yell out, why, it just takes all the—ho! ho! ho! muscle right ha! ha! out of me!"

OLD SI ON HELL.—While they were resting from work at noon yesterday Amos said:

"I heah'd er white man reedin' in de paper dis mornin' dat fokes wuz 'tatin' now wonder dere wuz eny hell or not?"

"Shucks!" said old Si; "you've got dat wrong end fo'mast, sho!"

"No, sah; dat wuz what he red in de paper!"

"Whudder dere wuz eany hell?" repeated Si.

"Yas, sah; whudder when er man give out up hyar he went ter hell, or jes dissolved ter das' agin?"

"Lookie heah! I don't want no 'spute wid noboddy, but of eany man come foolin' 'round me wid dat sorter skripter he's gwine ter heah me git up yander inter shoutin' tones!" said Si.

"Why is dat?"

"Kase I'd gwine ter do! Yer jes make er nigger hebbe dar aint no heahin' an' see what yer comes ter. Ebery secon' house'll be er court hous', an' de houses twixt 'em 'll be jale houses. Hit's moughty hard ter keep 'em strate now wid de sheriff an' hell bofe 'fore dar eyes!"

"Den yo'se on de side ob de fith an' brimstone?"

"You're right, honey! If you think you're gwine ter lecke dis would ter play snow-ball somewhar yo'se 'long. Dar's er warm place jess beyant heah fer de manigers ob de freedman bank an' chickin lifters gineally, else I'se gwine ter swap my hinaboot fer er pack er kyards!"—*Atlantic Constitution.*

Two men were riding in the cars on the Danbury railway the other morning, when one asked the other if he had a pleasant place of residence.

"Yes," was the reply; "we have seven nice large rooms over a store."

"Over a store? I shouldn't think that would be a quiet place."

"Oh, it is quiet enough. The folks don't advertise."

"Ah! I see," said his friend, in a tone of relief.—*Danbury News.*

THE Secretary of the U. S. Treasury says the big copper pennies are not a legal tender. The Treasurer will keep on with his nonsense until he rules that trouser buttons are not a proper currency to put in the basket when a missionary collection is being taken up for the heathen. There is altogether too much fooling with the currency in Washington.—*Norristown Herald.*

ONE thousand shingles, says a newspaper paragraph, will cover one hundred square feet of surface. One shingle, by the way, will cover six square inches of bald boy, and, if properly applied, will be productive of as much benefit and more noise than the one thousand shingles on one hundred square feet of surface. Figures won't lie.—*Norristown Herald.*

MRS. PEDDERTON, of New York, has lost a trunk containing $60,000. Such carelessness is little short of criminal. Our wife might travel two hundred years with ten thousand trunks and not lose one containing $60,000—nor half the sum. It would be a great surprise to us if she were to lose a trunk containing only fifteen thousand dollars.—*Norristown Herald.*

"BRUDDRIN," said an elderly colored preacher, in the course of a funeral sermon over the remains of one of his flock whose head had been caved in by the hind feet of a mule. "Brudderin', it am pow'ful strange dat arter me'n a hundred years of 'sastrous 'periment, a culled pusson shud pussist in 'pronchin' a mule fum de rac."

THE color of a girl's hair is regulated by the size of her father's pocketbook. If the latter be plethoric, the girl's tresses are golden or auburn. If the old man's wallet is lean, we hear the daughter poken of as only "that red-headed gall."

You never saw a rich girl with red hair.—*St. Louis Journal.*

IT is when a dry goods clerk of ninety-seven

Gettysburg Compiler.

FRIDAY, JAN. 18, 1878.

GENERAL GEO. B. MCCLELLAN was inaugurated Governor of New Jersey at Trenton on Tuesday with imposing display.

THE House at Harrisburg on Tuesday also resolved to commence business *de novo*, by 97 to 81. This may mean a long session.

THE Legislatures of Maryland and Kentucky are balloting for United States Senators, but no decisive vote has yet been reached in either.

REPUBLICANS talk of driving Hayes into the Democratic party. It might be well to find out whether the gate is open, says the St. Louis *Times*.

THE New Orleans *Picayune* says "the Republican party is returning to its first love, official corruption; its first hate, the hatred of the South."

THE postal authorities having agreed to pay the railroads a fair compensation, the fast mail service will again soon be in general operation.

IT is evident that the Indian ring has declared war against Secretary Schurz and means to push him out of the Cabinet if it can muster strength enough to do it.

SENATOR CONKLING will not offer a resolution to investigate Hayes' title. He thinks the Republican party should own its child, even if it is illegitimate and exceedingly diminutive in size.

THE special election for county officers in Georgetown county, S. C., on the 5th instant, resulted in favor of the whole Republican ticket, composed exclusively of colored men. Was there "bulldozing?"

REPRESENTATIVE S. S. COX wants to know why Mr. Hayes does not recognize Diaz as President of Mexico, and has introduced a resolution in the House asking the President for his reasons for non-recognition.

THE Supreme Court on Thursday gave a final decision in the case of Sheriff Walter, of Butler county, denying a rehearsal of his case. He is the first officer deposed under the stringent provisions of the new Constitution, for obtaining an election by corrupting voters.

WM. E. CHANDLER begins to see the error of his ways. He has caused himself to be interviewed in regard to his late manifesto. Strange to say, he says he is opposed to any reopening of the presidential question. He rather thinks the Republicans will carry New Hampshire, but expresses the opinion that "the party" will go to the bow-wows eventually if it clings to a President who belongs to the southern Democrats.

THE importance of one vote is illustrated in the case of the first senatorial district of Connecticut. Senator Eaton votes in that district, and at the election last fall he wrote a letter, saying he would not leave Washington to vote, as he had no doubt the Democrats would carry the district. When the votes were counted there was a tie. Under the New Connecticut constitution, in case of a tie in the election of a state senator, the House of Representatives elects, and that body has elected a Republican.

BEHOLD the effect of Democratic rule. New York state has reduced her debt from $52,000,000 in 1866 to $10,000,000 in 1877. The reduction last year amounted to $12,000,000. So much for the reforms introduced and carried into practical operation by the Democratic administrations of that commonwealth. On the other hand the debt of Massachusetts, which, with the exception of Gov. Gaston's single term, has been under unbroken Republican rule, has been increased from $19,000,000 in 1866 to $33,500,000 in 1877.

THE committee which recently investigated the conduct of the Indian bureau describes the despair of one poor Indian, who had been swindled out of pay for work done for the government by a dishonest agent. Said he: "I have listened to the missionary; but now if I ever do any more work, either myself or my teams, I hope the white man's God will send me to the missionary's hell and burn me up there." The New York *Sun* thinks it would do him no good to go there, as he would find it full of departed government agents and traders.

THE Bedford *Inquirer* has changed hands by the retirement of Messrs. Jordan & Mullin, who have sold out their interest in the establishment to John Lutz, Esq. The appraised value of the property was about $13,500. The *Gazette* says the transfer is a political move in favor of a man who wants an "organ."

John Cessna? Wants to be Governor, does he?

John remained a Democrat as long as he thought the party had the strength to elect a Governor; but that prospect gone, he sought the new and strange pastures of the "Black Republicans." Thus far, however, his "aspiration" has fared no better there, and it begins to look as though he had taken the wrong side of the fence again.

IN the U. S. Senate on Thursday Mr. Edmunds presented a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the constitution of the United States prohibiting States from making appropriations for sectarian purposes.

THE House was occupied with a resolution offered by Mr. Wood directing investigations to be made into the management of the several departments. By reason of the absence of a number of Democratic members the Republicans gained a temporary advantage, but their arrival next day passed the resolution in the shape offered by Mr. Wood. As the New York *Herald* says, "it does not speak well for the Republican representatives that they are all prepared to strip for a desperate fight whenever *investigation into official misconduct is proposed.*"

THE Democratic caucus of the Ohio Legislature, held on Thursday night, nominated Hon. George H. Pendleton for the United States Senate on the third ballot. The first ballot resulted—Pendleton 46, Morgan 22, Ewing 17, Ward 5, Hurd 1, Converse 1; the second ballot, Pendleton 46, Morgan 19, Ewing 20, Ward 4, Payne 2, Converse 1; the third ballot, Pendleton 51, Ewing 19, Morgan 16, Ward 3, Converse 2, Payne 1.

The Republican caucus balloted between Garfield, Gov. Young and others, but never once mentioned Stanley Matthews—and then resolved to vote *blank*.

Mr. Pendleton was elected in both Houses on Tuesday, by 28 to 8 blanks in the Senate and 66 to 26 blanks in the House. Such handsome Democratic majorities in a "Buckeye" legislature are certainly refreshing.

THE Eastern war is virtually over. On Monday Server Pasha, minister of foreign affairs, left Constantinople for Kezanlik to meet the Grand Duke Nicholas. He is clothed with full powers, not merely to arrange an armistice, but to treat for peace. The situation of the Turks is wholly desperate. The Russians have pierced their centre, leaving one army helpless beyond Sofia, and the other shut up in the Quadilateral. The latter army cannot get across the Balkans to confront the Russians, and there is not sufficient time for it to be brought around by way of the Black sea. Under these circumstances it was impossible for them to save Adrianople, and nothing could stay the victorious Russians on their march to Constantinople. All hope of European intervention has been abandoned by the Turks. England, uncertain and vacillating of purpose, held out vague hopes which came to nothing, and now both Germany and Italy have taken ground that will render England's intervention an impossibility. The Turk, seeing all hope fail, is now compelled to sue for peace and accept such terms as the conquerors may dictate. These terms will probably be hard indeed. There are some hundred thousand Russian lives lost in this war, millions of treasure spent by the Czar, and this will claim a vast indemnity or war debt such as Germany imposed upon France. But, as the Baltimore *Gazette* remarks, the Turks cannot, like France, raise the money and pay off the debt. The Porte is bankrupt, and the Turkish bonds have been comparatively worthless for years. Now that the Turks have lost their richest provinces, it will be impossible for them to borrow in any market of Europe. So, inasmuch as they cannot pay in money, they will have to pay in land. How much land, it will be hard to foresee. But it must not be forgotten that both Roumania and Servia have declared their independence, and have put armies into the field to maintain it. Of course there can be no peace which does not recognize that independence. Servia and Montenegro being free, Bosnia and Herzegovina must almost necessarily be free also. Thus the Turk, who went into the war with a vast empire, will come out of it with a small one. Russia will probably indemnify herself by the acquisition of Armenia.

POLITICAL.—Allegheny county instructs for James H. Hopkins for Governor.

THE New York *Herald* calls the year just closed, "The Saturnalia of Fraud—a year of national shame"—which is not far wrong.

WHAT Congress should do, says the Philadelphia *Inquirer*, is to repeal the resumption act of 1875, and then pass, in some liberal shape, a bill making silver a legal tender, with a coin either of the old weight and value, or a dollar containing 100 cents in value compared with gold at the present premium, and enact a law that silver, gold, and legal-tenders shall be received in payment of duties.

OUR liberal and generous commonwealth pays some of her employes well. Dr. Diller Luther has no right to complain, certainly. As agent for the board of public charities he received last year $3,250 for salary, and $2,675 for traveling expenses. At this rate the board is a very charitable one, to the tune of $5,925 for one agent. Referred to the legislature.—*Doylestown Democrat.*

OF Montgomery Blair's paper before the Maryland Legislature, asking Congress to inquire into the manner of seating Hayes in the Presidency, the Washington *Union* says: "It is a document of a somewhat sensational character, but will meet with little favor among the mass of sober-minded and patriotic people. The proposition to re-open the presidential question at the present time is manifestly contrary to the public interests, for a quiet and assured future is necessary to the return of national prosperity."

THOUGH it be true that the courts are shut against justice, the tribunal of the people is still open. To that tribunal we shall appeal in 1880, and it is the duty of Congress, not to spend its time in fruitless agitation of a wrong that Congress itself has made irremediable, but to make a repetition of the electoral fraud forever impossible. Let the example of Samuel J. Tilden, who steadfastly refused to enforce his rights at the expense of public peace, be followed now by every true patriot.—*Balt. Gazette.*

THE NEW INTERNAL REVENUE BILL.—The internal revenue bill reported by the sub-committee of the ways and means committee, as shown in its leading features by the Washington correspondent of the New York *Bulletin*, retains the tax on bank checks; provides that no special tax shall accrue upon a single sale of distilled spirits by a person not a dealer, provided the spirits so sold were taken as security or payment for debt; that where a retail dealer sells his whole stock at once he need not take out a wholesale dealer's license; that every fraction of a gallon of spirits shall be taxed; more rigid scrutiny and heavier penalties are required; the registration of cigar-makers is abolished; cigarettes shall be put up in packages or parcels containing 10, 20, 50 or 100 each, and stamped and imported tobacco must be packed and stamped in the same way; scraps, cuttings and clippings of imported tobacco may be withdrawn in bulk upon payment of duty, and manufactured without paying the internal revenue tax until after its manufacture into a finished, taxable product ready for the consumer. The bank tax is to cease where a bank goes into bankruptcy. The bill is not yet encumbered with the proposed income tax, which will be the important point for discussion.

ABUSE OF OFFICIAL AUTHORITY.—Not long ago Collector of Internal Revenue Fernald, of western district of Virginia, preferred charges to the Attorney General against U. S. Marshal Gray and Deputy Marshals Wootton, Mills, Berksdale and Lathum, alleging that they were in the habit of arresting persons on charges that could not be sustained for the purpose of making money. After arresting these persons, it was alleged, the plan was to transport them from fifty to one hundred miles for a hearing before a United States commissioner or other authorized officer. The accused person would upon examination be released and permitted to make his way home as best he could, while the deputy marshals would come in with a large bill of fees and expenses incurred. The Attorney General sent a special agent to investigate the case, and he has submitted his report. The United States marshal claimed that he knew nothing about the alleged trans action, but the deputy marshals did not deny making the arrests. All the persons implicated, including Marshal Gray, will, it is stated, be removed.

PETER WALCOTT, proprietor of the Kingston House, at Kingston, Pa., has been bailed in $5,000 to answer for passing counterfeit $5 bills on the Hanover First National Bank. Thomas Irving, of West Pittston, Pa., has been arrested on a similar charge.

HARRISBURG LETTER.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 12, 1878.

To the Editor of the Compiler.—The House met on Monday evening, pursuant to adjournment, and a large number of petitions were presented and sixty odd bills read in place—among them the most important to the people of Adams county being the bill relating to the Border Damages. The bill provides that the state shall redeem all the old certificates payable in twenty years and bearing five per cent. interest; another declaring all waivers of the three hundred dollar law void except for the purchase of real estate; also a bill to repeal the stay law passed last winter.

The House met on Tuesday morning. A number of petitions and memorials were presented, and new bills were introduced, none of which were of interest to your people, but will be noticed again. At this stage further work was debarred on account of the dead-lock between the Senate and House.

The House met on Wednesday morning, and after the usual routine business, appointed a committee to confer with the committee of the Senate as to where work should begin. A number of bills were read in place, many of them bills that were on the old calendar, members preparing in case that it should be thrown aside.

The conference committee in regard to order of business held several meetings and made report on Thursday morning. The committee agreed that all general bills pending at the adjournment last session be not considered unless re-introduced, but that no such rule should apply as to local bills, which should be taken up as if there were a continuation of last session. This was supposed to remove all obstacles. The matter provoked considerable discussion, which was interrupted by the hour arriving which had been agreed upon for both bodies to meet in joint convention to count the votes cast for Auditor General and State Treasurer. This of course, as your readers are well aware, resulted in the election of the Democratic candidates, Messrs. W. P. Schell and Amos C. Noyes. This occupied the balance of the morning session and the House adjourned until Friday morning, when the usual routine of petitions, memorials, &c., was gone through with. A number of bills were read in place; among them Dr. McClure, of your county, read in place a bill entitled "An act relative to inventories of decedents' estates."

When the time for resolutions arrived, a resolution was offered to appoint a committee on investigation of the causes and results of the late riots, which provoked a warm and lengthy discussion. Upon a motion to indefinitely postpone the whole matter the ayes were 86, and the nays 74.

The contested seat case of Forest county came up, in which S. H. Haslett was returned as elected and so determined by the court, but the Republican legislative committee determined that J. B. Agnew was entitled to the seat. The matter was re-opened by a preamble and resolution appointing a committee of seven, who should have power to further examine into the matter. During this discussion it was asserted that one of the boxes had been tampered with and the votes changed, and now citizens come forward and swear that they voted as the return first showed. This matter was under discussion at the hour of adjournment.

The Judiciary committee have determined in the Bullard case to procure his attendance before them for the purpose of allowing him to argue the question of privilege submitted to the committee.

The Senate met on Monday evening. A petition was presented from the Philadelphia Judges asking to be relieved from making appointments to political offices. A number of bills were read in place, which will be noticed when they come up for action. The President of the Senate *pro tem.* appointed his committees. Mr. Chestnut, of your district, is on the following: Accounts, Printing, Agriculture and Compare Bills.

The concurrent resolution of the House providing for the beginning of business where left off last session was not concurred in, and a committee of conference appointed.

By an estimate presented from the State Department the expense of the state in suppressing the late riots is $639,000. But a bill has been introduced in the Senate amounting to $24,000 less. It provides $290,000 for troops, $141,000 for transportation, $63,000 for quartermaster's stores, $121,000 for subsistance and $3,400 for medical stores.

On Thursday morning the report of the conference committee was discussed, and it was claimed by some that the report sought to accomplish what the constitution prohibited inasmuch as it was proposed to consider local bills without requiring them to be advertised. On the other hand, it was contended that there was no power to go behind the record, as the supreme court had decided so. This would seem to indicate that no matter what laws passed, constitutionally or otherwise, there was no power to annul them except the body that had made them, and the Senate by adopting the report has virtually conceded that there was no constitutional reason for objecting to proceed with the business of the first session, and save the state the cost of doing all the work over again that was left unfinished at the close of the session last year.

ADAMS.

AMONG THE DEAD FAILURES of the past, how many hopes overturned may be numbered! Beginning their careers with a tremendous flourish of trumpets, blazoned for a time in the public prints and on flaming posters, soon, but not too soon, were they relegated to the limbo of things lost on earth. But Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is a living and thriving remedy. It goes on, curing and to cure. Neither underhand nor open competition affect it. On the contrary, contrast with inferior rival preparations only increases its popularity. It has been repeatedly imitated, but without success. Counterfeits of it have been surreptitiously introduced, but have fallen flat. Everywhere it entrenches itself in the confidence of the people; and well it may, for it is a thoroughly reliable invigorant of the feeble, banishes dyspepsia and constipation, braces the nerves, cures rheumatic ailments and kidney complaints, and eradicates and prevents intermittent and remittent fevers. Jan. 4. 1m

Good goods always cheapest! Eckert's is the place to get good Boots and Shoes cheap for cash. Aug. 9. tf

$20 for a Howe Sewing Machine. Latest improved Howe $25, at Geo. E. Stock's Cigar and Tobacco Store, Balt. st., Gettysburg. Jul 1

W. E. BIGGS's car now leaves Gettysburg for Baltimore every Tuesday at noon, and returns to Gettysburg every Thursday. See adv. Freight both ways at lowest rates. Jan. 11. 3t

DO YOU WANT TO SAVE MONEY?—If so call at J. L. Schick's store, Gettysburg, where you will find a full line of Ladies' Dress Goods, Cloths, Cassimers, Domestic Goods, Notions, &c., of the latest styles—and which will be sold at lowest cash prices. tf

NOVELTIES in Neck Ties, Bows, Linen and Paper Collars, Cuffs, &c., at Eckert's. Mar.

CHEAP GOODS.—Fahnestock Brothers have just received the following large lot of sample Goods—which they are selling at wholesale prices: 500 pairs Stockings, 150 pairs Gloves, Men's Undershirts, Ladies' Vests, Nubias, Scarfs, Wristlets, Hoods, Leggins, Sacques, Jackets, Socks, Mitts, Corsets, Handkerchiefs, &c. Jan. 4, 1878. 4t

PETER WALCOTT, proprietor of the Kingston House, at Kingston, Pa., has been bailed in $5,000 to answer for passing counterfeit $5 bills on the Hanover First National Bank. Thomas Irving, of West Pittston, Pa., has been arrested on a similar charge.

Local Matters.

TOWN, COUNTY AND SURROUNDING COUNTIES

LOCAL FLASHES.—Representatives McClure and Martin have our thanks for Legislative favors. Senator Chestnut likewise.

THE COMPILER is nearly sixty years old, "hale and hearty," and improving with age.

A LIVERY fox chase at the Reynolds Hotel last Saturday. Reynard was caught by the dogs in Marsh creek.

REVIVALS are in progress at Chestnut Grove and Bark's churches.

REV. W. R. H. DEATRICK, of Mechanicsburg, gratefully acknowledges liberal donations from his people during the holidays.

A YOUNG man named Thomas, near Hampton, was last week severely kicked by a horse, endangering his life.

THE Auditor General, Secretary of Internal Affairs, and State Treasurer, have our acknowledgments for their annual reports.

MORE about roads on fourth page. Also tramps.

J. CALVIN COVER, Esq., formerly of Franklin township, this county, has been reappointed Postmaster at Knoxville, Illinois. Evidently belongs to the Hayes wing of the Republican party.

HOT ASHES. This is the season for extra care.

OUR readers may look for faithful accounts of the proceedings of the Legislature from our usually well-posted Harrisburg correspondent.

HON. LEVI MAISH places us under renewed obligations for Congressional documents.

DR. C. P. GETTIER has located at Hanover.

Two children of Samuel Gutelius were buried in one grave at Littlestown on Saturday week. Diptheria.

LENT begins March 6th and ends April 20th.

THE days are lengthening perceptibly.

BIG fox chase at New Oxford on Saturday. The fox was freed at Wiest's hotel, and after running several hours eluded pursuit and escaped with his brush.

WM. E. MYERS on Tuesday returned to the Keystone Hotel, where his friends and the travelling public will hereafter find him ready to do his best for their accommodation.

THE Fair Ground at York contains 14 acres—and is a little over half as large as the one at Gettysburg.

SPRING elections third Tuesday in March.

I. WILLIAM PEARSON has purchased the York Springs Comet from A. L. Hefkes, and will hereafter publish it. Success.

WM. S. MULLAN, one of the proprietors of the Mount Holly Springs Hotel, died last Sunday, aged 62.

IT is thought the Legislature will pass a bill for a middle district penitentiary, to hold 500 convicts. The eastern and western are full.

A cow belonging to Mr. John Bender, near this place, dropped a calf that weighed 106 pounds when twelve hours old.

WE have a "Knuckhuff" club; meets once a year, the night before Christmas, and has a supper. The last was held at Ramer's.

THE bar room at the Globe Inn has just been re-papered in handsome style.

AMORTSTOWN is to have a cornet band, with Wm. Wiest as President, M. F. Stahl Vice President, Severeus Noel Secretary, and George L. Jordy Treasurer.

THOS. GIST is likely to succeed Cooper in Gettysburg again.

THE season of Sales is nearly here. To advertise them in the COMPILER is to make money for the advertiser. Its large circulation is what gives it such great value as an advertising medium.

GEORGE W. WEIKERT, of Butler township, broke an arm whilst loading a log, on the 27th ult.

SALES.—Mrs. Lydia Tawney has sold her house and lot, on West Middle street, to John Weygant for $575.

Mrs. James Warner has sold a tract of 14 acres, with improvements, in Straban township, to John Bender for $1,100 cash.

CONOWAGO township, this county, is able to keep its three schools open five months in the year (paying teachers $30 a month) on a tax of one-ninth of a mill on the dollar! It is a very rich township, and the State appropriation helps largely. What a tax-payers' paradise compared with some other districts.

OPERATION.—Dr. W. W. McClure, of Philadelphia, recently performed an operation for ectropium (everted eyelids) upon Philip Donohue, Esq., of Straban township, his county. It was very successfully done, and required the cutting away of portions of the eyelids and the nice fitting or dovetailing of one part into another. That Mr. Donohue has found the desired relief will be a source of pleasure to his many friends.

IN A VAT.—On Wednesday afternoon Mr. James Bigham's "Hoppes" mare slipped the halter and went out on an airing all by herself, and waltzing into Leber's tanyard, fell into a vat. With the aid of a heavy rope passed around her body, innumerable suggestions and some lifting on the part of the crowd gathered, she was rescued from her cold bath, apparently none the worse for it. But which proves (moral) that a tanyard is not the place to prance around in.

GEORGE A. STROWER, Esq., of Manchester, Carroll county, has been elected Sergeant-at-Arms of the Maryland House of Delegates—a substantial compliment well deserved by so sound and active a Democrat.

Dr. J. McPherson Scott, of Hagerstown, received the votes of the Republican members for State Treasurer. But that party isn't what it used to be on majorities; which accounts for our young friend not being the lucky man.

CHANGE.—The Directors of the Poor have resolved to hereafter hold their business meetings in the Court-house, Gettysburg, instead of at the Almshouse, a mile distant. The change is commendable in many respects—but more especially in that it will better subserve the public convenience, and prove a saving in expense.

The same change is being made in many of the other counties, to the great satisfaction of the tax-payers. That it will meet with general favor among the people of this county is not a matter of question.

DEATH OF THE OLDEST.—Died, in this place, on Monday night, the 14th inst., Mrs. Catharine Foster, widow of James Foster, aged 92 years 10 months and 7 days. She was the oldest person in Gettysburg, although there are several near her years. Her maiden name was Swope, and we are told that she attained a greater age than any member of the Swope family of whom there is a record.

Another of our oldest people was removed by death the same day in Straban township—Mr. Joseph Thomas, in his 78th year.—Peace to their ashes.

PEACHES FROZEN.—Mr. Raphael Sherfy informs us that the cold weather of last week entirely dissipated the prospect of a peach crop in this vicinity next fall. The buds are killed beyond all hope of resuscitation. This he finds on close examination to be the condition of his own orchard, and the same is the case with his father's, Rev. Joseph Sherfy's, Mr. Emanuel Weikert's and others; and from this data it is fair to assume an equal degree of injury throughout the region. He further states that peach buds rarely escape freezing when the mercury reaches a lower point than 8 degrees below zero.

There is a slight "silver lining" to this disappointing prospect—that is, that the total failure now indicated will deprive the curculio largely of the means of depositing and hatching, and thus reduce this pest.

—In regard to apples, this is "the apple year," and nothing has yet occurred to cause any anxiety. It

SAFE, reliable, harmless and cheap, is Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. Price only 25 cts. 1f

RAILROADS.—We are informed that on Saturday last Messrs. Ducey & Co. entered into a contract with the H. & P. R. R. Co. for the immediate completion of the York Springs Branch. Also that they have proposed to extend the road to New Oxford and connect with the H. J., H. & G. R. R. for a total stock subscription of $15,000, and in addition the privilege of selling bonds to the extent of $12,000 per mile. A meeting has been called at New Oxford to consider the proposition.

These railroad links are to be parts of a through route from Harrisburg to Baltimore. The advantages of such a route to this county would certainly be great. In coal alone the saving would reach many thousands of dollars a year; and cheaper coal making cheaper lime, the interests of our almost exclusively agricultural community would be largely promoted. General freights would also be lowered, and well as passenger rates, and thus all classes would feel the beneficial effects. The following call has been handed in for publication:

RAILROAD MEETING.—A meeting of the citizens of New Oxford and surrounding country will be held at Wiest's Hall, in the Borough of New Oxford, on Saturday evening next, at 6½ o'clock, to take into consideration the propriety of building a Railroad to connect the York Springs Branch, which will now be completed, as the contract has been entered into with J. B. Ducey & Co., of Boston, to finish said road ready for the locomotive in six months. The public are requested to attend said meeting.

COURT opened on Monday morning to hear arguments in the cases on the list.

Miscellaneous business was disposed of, as follows:

A divorce decreed between James and Louvina Gordon.

Lydia J. McIntire, Hannah C. Myers and Rachel P. Moritz filed petitions to do business in their own names, under the married woman's act of 1872.

Court made a decree authorizing Sheriff Spangler to sell the Orphans' Homestead under the writs in his hands, and allowing Major Bell $50 as Receiver and R. G. McCreary, Esq., $50 for professional services.

In the case of John H. Chronister, now for the use of William Hafer, vs. David Null, Court directed judgment to be entered for plaintiff for $37.16, unless exceptions be filed in thirty days.

Abraham Chronister vs. John Chronister and John Long. Judgment for plaintiff for $83.17, unless exceptions in thirty days.

Daniel Minter was appointed guardian of Charles and Oscar Minter; John McAllister guardian of Jessie M. Wood; Jacob Forney guardian of Calvin Bruce and Douglas G. Wood; and Washington Witherow guardian of Rosa E. and Helen M. Wood.

Transfer of tavern license by George Hoppes to Frank Mickley, at Eagle Hotel, and by Frank Mickley to W. E. Myers, at the Keystone, granted by Court.

A. W. Storm, Esq., was appointed trustee of trust money of Lydia Ann Baker.

STATE AND COUNTY.—Adams county paid into the State Treasury during the fiscal year ending November 30, 1877, the following sums, according to the Auditor General's report: Gettysburg and Petersburg Turnpike Company, $45.20; Gettysburg Gas Company, $75.00; tax on personal property, $2,576.12; tax on bank stocks, $1,065.76; tax on loans, Gettysburg borough, $33.06; H. J., H. and G. R. R. Co., $123.12; tax on writs, wills, &c., Thomas G. Neely, Prothonotary, $214.16, Nathaniel Miller, Register, $479.38; collateral inheritance tax, Nathaniel Miller, Register, $725 97; retailers' licenses, Charles Ziegler, County Treasurer, $1,600; tavern licenses, $1,136.00; billiard licenses, $75; eating house licenses, $50; brewers' licenses, $30; peddler's licenses, $10.

Adams county received from the State: For common schools, $7,199.92; pensions, $767.85; assessing bank stock, H. S. Benner, $73.16; mercantile appraising, J. Jeff. Myers, $14.76; collection of school and shell from Gettysburg battle-field, J. A. Danner, $500.

The number of inhabitants in the county is given at 36,315, and taxables at 8,829.

$22,941 of the 1841 relief notes are still outstanding—Bank of Gettysburg, $1,210.

The debt of the state on the 1st of December, 1877, was $22,043,314.31.

POST OFFICE UNIFORM.—The Post Office Department has found it necessary to adopt a uniform for all its employees, as a protection to the mails. Bags of letters when stolen are generally taken by parties not connected with the service who were not readily detected. But any citizen hereafter seeing a mail pouch being handled by other than uniformed employees may be able at once to know the fact and give the alarm. Accordingly all attaches of the Railway Mail Service have been placed in blue uniforms, profusely ornamented with brass buttons, bearing on their outer circumference the words "Railway Mail Service" and in the centre the letters "P. O. D." Maj. Scott looks well in the uniform.

FIRE CO. DIRECTORS.—On Monday last the Mummasburg Mutual Fire Protection Society elected the following Directors for the ensuing year: E. W. Stahle, Peter Schull, Michael Dentrich, Sr., Michael Dentrich, Jr., H. J. Brinkerhoff, Sr., Nicholas Wierman, George Thomas, Martin Thomas, Robert Watson, Jacob H. Plank, Levi Becker, Michael Reily, George W. Smith, Jno. B. Wright, John Hartman, of Mountjoy.

On Monday week the Adams County Mutual Fire Insurance Company elected as Directors, George Swope, S. R. Russell, D. A. Buehler, H. A. Picking, Jacob King, Robert McCurdy, E. G. Fahnestock, W. Ross White, Samuel Meals, A. W. Stone, Cyrus G. Beales.

AN interesting bible presentation took place in the Reformed church at New Oxford on Sunday a week. Hon. H. J. Myers, in an appropriate address, in behalf of the teachers and scholars of the Sabbath School, presented the Superintendent, Mr. C. H. Nagle, a handsome Family Bible, as an expression of their regard and appreciation of his zeal and efficiency.

Mr. Nagle, taken by surprise, replied with much emotion, gratefully acknowledging the present, and thanking all, especially Mr. Myers, Mr. A. Sheely, Miss Spangler, Miss Nagle and others, for their ever-ready assistance in the successful management of the school.

IF you select good and healthy food for your family, you should also look to the welfare of your Baby. For all troubles of early Childhood, nothing is better than Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup. 25 cents a bottle.

THE annual election for directors of the Hanover & York Railroad company took place on Monday at Hanover, and resulted in the re-election of the former board, with the exception that William Young, of Hanover, was selected in the place of Judge Young, and Mr. Bittinger, of that place, was chosen in place of Mr. Boehtel.

MR. FRANK MICKLEY has removed from the Keystone to the Eagle Hotel, where he now asks his old friends and the public to give him a call. The house is large and elegantly furnished, and will be kept in the best style; good beds and rooms, excellent table and bar. His rates are moderate, and he will do everything to please. Give him an early trial. Jan. 18, 3t

ORANGES!—Cheap Oranges a specialty at Winter & Son's; also Lemons, Figs, Dates, Bananas, Grapes, Pears, Apples, &c. Jan. 18. tf.

THE merciful man is merciful to his beast. Horses and Cattle are suspicious of profit, therefore, should be well cared for. By the timely use of Fonta's Celebrated Horse and Cattle Powders, the lives of many valuable animals will be saved. 1t

SPRING SALES.—Parties tending sales will find Winter & Son's the best place to buy their goods. Jan. 18. tf

TRINITY REFORMED CHURCH at Cashtown, this county, having reached completion, was dedicated to the service of God on Sunday morning last. Rev. T. F. Huffnicler, of Middletown, Md., preached a very appropriate sermon, and Rev. Dr. J. O. Miller, of York, and Rev. W. D. Lefevre, of Littlestown, assisted in the exercises—the pastor, Rev. A. J. Heller, performing the consecratory service proper.

Every seat was occupied, and extra chairs and all the standing room were insufficient to accommodate the large attendance. The services, though prolonged, had the closest attention throughout.

The edifice is of brick, 35 by 55 feet, exclusive of an attached vestibule in front and pulpit recess in the rear, with belfry and spire—all after the churchly Gothic order of architecture. The interior consists of one high story, the ceiling arching into the roof—the walls softly tinted, the windows colored, the pews neat, aisles carpeted, and pulpit and altar in harmony with the rest.

It is looked upon as one of the handsomest little churches in the county, and creditable to all concerned—not only those who designed it and executed the work, but also to the citizens of the village and neighborhood who labored and furnished means to carry it forward.

The lot on which the church stands was donated by Mr. Moses Schwartz, and the expense of the spire was borne by Rev. Mr. Heller, James A. Robert and two other persons. The pastor also acknowledged the following elegant presents: Silver communion service from Mr. John M. Moritz, of Fort Wayne, Indiana, and large bible and hymn book from his sister, Mrs. Miller, of the same place, both natives of the vicinity of Cashtown; the chandelier from Mr. A. D. Mark, of Baltimore, formerly of Cashtown, and the vestibule light from Mr. George Lower, Jr., of McKnightstown; the reading desk and font from Mr. Hanson P. Mark, of Arendtsville; the pulpit cushion from the Misses Hake, of McKnightstown; and the collection baskets from Mrs. A. J. Heller; the carpet and chairs from the people of the town and vicinity. There were a number of liberal subscriptions made by persons residing out of the locality, prompted by old associations.

The cost of the edifice, exclusive of donations mentioned, was $3,450. The subscriptions amounted to about $2,000, leaving a balance of $1,450 to be provided on the morning of the dedication. Considering the small territory and the amount already raised in it, there was little prospect of additional subscriptions, but an earnest effort then made and continued in the evening, secured over $600. The balance of about $800 the consistory pledged themselves to raise at some future time.

The religious exercises connected with the dedication commenced on Saturday evening, when Rev. W. D. Lefevre preached a very suitable discourse. Rev. Dr. Miller occupied the pulpit on Sunday evening, Rev. Mr. Snyder on Monday evening, and Rev. Mr. Colliflower, of New Oxford, on Wednesday evening. The services throughout were of a highly interesting character, and greatly enjoyed by the hearers.

Cashtown has reason for pride in its comfortable and handsome house of worship.

The alterations and improvements in the Reformed Church at Hanover are now completed, and the building in all its appointments is one of which all concerned may be justly proud. The Herald, in an extended description of it, says:

The front of the church has been materially changed in appearance. The door and windows were formerly spruce; now the second story windows are arched and the basement ones segment-topped, while the doorway is arched. Above each window is a brick arch or segment, with keystone and stackbacks of fine Berem stone. The entire front has been repainted, as has been all the exterior woodwork, the tin roof, and the cupalo. The roof, which is tin, has been relaid entirely.

An addition made to the rear of the church, contains on the first floor a study for the use of the pastor, and a pulpit recess on the second. A door from the study communicates with a stairway leading to the back of the pulpit recess, another with the Sunday-school room in the basement, and another opens outdoors.

The windows in front and all the second-story windows have stained glass, but not the side basement windows. The stained glass is very finely designed and painted.

The pews are 108 in number, about 25 more than before. The ends are of walnut, very heavy, with heavy mouldings, and two small panels of beautiful French walnut in each. The seats and backs are of ash, curved to fit the form of the occupant, making the pews most comfortable and cosy. The pews are arranged in three double rows, with four aisles; they are of three sizes—the double row at each side having a large and a small pew alternately. The divisions between the double pews are only on the seat, there being free passage from one to another. The centre pews are straight, and the side rows inclined to enable the worshippers to face the pulpit. Each pew is supplied with a book-rack.

The old chancel rail has been used. Inside are a walnut altar, with the words "Holy, holy, holy," on the front, a reading desk, two handsome chairs, and an Italian marble baptismal font—the latter presented by Mrs. Wm. S. Young, of Baltimore. On the font around the bowl, is the legend: "One Lord, one Faith, one Baptism." The pulpit and gas stands beside it, as well as the altar, are very elaborate—having fine columns and French walnut panels. The workmanship is exquisite. The base of the pulpit is finished with panels and moulding of solid walnut.—Three beautiful chairs, upholstered in crimson, occupy the recess back of the pulpit.—The pulpit furniture and chancel outfit were bought with money contributed by the Ladies' Mite Society.

The vestibule and stairways are covered with cocoa matting, and the audience chamber, chancel, recess and gallery are carpeted. The walls and ceiling of the audience chamber are decorated in a manner which we cannot satisfactorily describe. The style is the modern English, or Eastlake, called "Flat Painting," to distinguish it from from fresco-painting. The ceiling is divided into twelve equal panels, formed by two rows of stripes lengthwise and three rows crosswise. The stripes running lengthwise have a broad green centre, with yellow and slate colored borders, the central green having red diamond-shaped ornaments. The cross stripes are of yellow, with slate colored borders.—The panels are of slate-color, with bright blue borders, ornamented in black. Each panel has a handsome centre piece. Yellow stripes running from floor to ceiling, divide each side into four panels, each containing a window. Around each window is a broad brown ornamented border. There is a panel on each side of the pulpit recess—the one to the preacher's left containing the Lord's Prayer, and the one to the right the Creed—the latter headed "Faith" and the former "Worship." The ornaments in the painting are all regular geometrical figures—mostly those anciently used as religious symbols. The colors are of the brightest possible hues, and there is an entire absence of shading.

The recess back of the pulpit is elliptical in shape, with an elliptical arched top. It is colored green, divided by small figured cross lines into small diamonds, each containing a star, lines and stars being of gilt. A broad band of red runs around the recess, containing the words: "Glory to God in the highest, and on earth peace, good will toward men."

The cost of the improvements will aggregate about $4,000, all of which has been provided for, and the church will be re-dedicated, free from debt. The final collection for this purpose was lifted on Sunday last, $276 being contributed. The Consistory had charge of the work of improvement, among whom Messrs. Henry Wirt, Edgar Single and Dr. W. H. Bango may be mentioned as particularly zealous. The Consistory added to themselves as a committee to aid in the work, Messrs. Stephen Keefer and Henry C. Shriver. The pastor, Rev. Dr. Zieber, was also untiring in his efforts to have the work pushed forward, and done in a creditable manner. The result is a church edifice that is a credit to the congregation and to our borough.

—The re-dedication of the church took place on Sunday morning. Rev. Dr. Higbee, President of Mercersburg College, preached the sermon, and the pastor, Rev. Dr. Zieber, conducted the consecratory service.—Rev. Mr. Krebs, of Littlestown, addressed the Sabbath School in the afternoon, and Rev. Mr. Eckhardt, of Frederick, preached in the evening.

BOTH SIDES OF THE PIPE LINE SCHEME.—The Associated Press has already announced that the Petroleum Producers' Protective Union, in session at Titusville, Pa., on Wednesday unanimously favored the laying of a pipe line from the oil region, in Butler county, Pa., to Curtis's creek, in Anne Arundel county, Md., near Baltimore. It was stated that subscriptions were being received to carry the enterprise into effect and special dispatches reported that all the stock was taken. Gen. Herman Haupt, of Philadelphia, in whose name assignments of the right of way along the proposed route have been made, as well as the contract of agreement to sell or lease 300 acres of land belonging to the Patapsco Land Company, at Curtis's creek, has made a statement in effect that he has concluded such arrangements as assure the success of the oil-pipe line. He stated that he has succeeded in purchasing the right of way for an uninterrupted line of two hundred and thirty-five miles, and that railroad crossings have been purchased in fee-simple. The western terminus will be on the Allegheny river, opposite Parker's Landing, and the course southeast over the Allegheny Mountains to Curtis's creek, six miles from Baltimore. The pipe line will be composed of six-inch wrought iron pipe. This will be screwed together and sunk thirty inches in the ground. There will be four pumping stations, and it is thought that a six thousand-barrel stream can be forced every twenty-four hours. Gen. Haupt states that it will take the six pipe manufactories in the United States three months to manufacture the pip

vring, in neat styles, promptly and
lone at Penrose Myers's Watch and
Establishment, Gettysburg. Delf

THOMAS sells the following named
Machines: Howe, Singer, Reming-
ton, Domestic and St. John.—
ovements put on old machines and
pairing done. Dec. 14, tf

guaranteed as represented at Eck-
ard Shoe Store. April 13, tf

Gents, and examine W. T. King'
oods for Spring and Summer. He is
ng the cheapest and most stylish
be seen in the town. Gents and
find anything for clothing in their
nay want. April 9, tf

E and well selected stock of Hats
s, Shoes, Ties, Collars, Cuffs, Um-
ranks, &c., can always be found
suit the times, at
, 1877. tf EKER'S.

a Howe Sewing Machine at J. F
New Chester, Pa. Dec. 11, tf

ECIAL NOTICES.

Pimples.

ail (Free) the recipe for a simple
BALM that will remove Tan,
Pimples and Blotches, leaving the
clear and beautiful; also instruc-
roducing a luxuriant growth of
bald head or smooth face. Ad-
osing 3 cent stamp, Ben. Van Dorf
n St., N. Y.

To Consumptives.

rtiser, having been permanently
ed dread disease, consumption,
le remedy, is anxious to make
his fellow-sufferers the means of
ll who desire it, he will send a
prescription used, (free of charge,)
rection for preparing and using
which they will find a sure cure
ption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c.
wishing the prescription, will
ress, E. A. WILSON, 191 Penn St.,
burg, N. Y.

pprent Teaching Cards,

on and Amusement combined,
to parents and teachers. 16 dif-
tic designs. The entire pack sent
cts. currency or 3c stamps. Yrd
0 Ann street, N. Y.

Agents profits per week. Will
or forfeit $500. New articles, just
samples sent free to all. Address
HDESTER, 45 Fulton St., New

Errors of Youth.

man who suffered for years from
ebility, Premature Decay, and all
of seminal indiscretion, will for
suffering humanity, send free to
d it, the recipe and direction for
simple remedy by which he was
rer wishing to profit by the cel-
xperience can do so by address-
Confidence, JOHN B. OGDEN,
New York. Jan. 18, '78. 6m

nkel's Bitter Wine of Iron.

nkel's celebrated Bitter Wine of
fectually cure liver complaint,
spepsia, chronic or nervous de-
rrhœa, dysentery, diseases of the kid-
diseases arising from a disor-
stomach or intestines, such as
ia, Habitual Costiveness, Dyspep-
ed to the head, acidity of the
ased, heartburn, disgust for food,
weight in the stomach, sour eructa-
nt or fluttering at the pit of
Prepared only by the Proprietor,
Druggists generally.

Gettysburg Compiler,

CHIEF JUSTICE AGNEW ON "STATE SECRETS."—The dissenting opinion of Chief Justice Agnew on the "State Secrets" and attachment case has been delivered, and in referring to it the Pittsburgh *Post* says: It is one that should be carefully read by laymen as well as lawyers, for it discusses in the most vigorous and exhaustive manner, fundamental questions which lie in the basis of government, and which are essential in the administration of justice. The Chief Justice declares that the question involved in the Governor's refusal to testify belongs to the enduring theme of civil liberty, for it brings up the principle whether any citizen, high or low, private or official, is above the law. He rapidly traces the history of the riots and eliminates from the mass of events important subjects demanding judicial investigation. He shows it was the province of the judiciary alone to make such inquiry, and that in making it the Grand Jury was its arm. He makes as plain as sunlight that both under statute and common law, the Grand Jury had power to summon witnesses, and that process to bring them follows as a matter of course. The claim that the Governor and his subordinates were exempt, by virtue of their position, from being called to testify, is carefully examined, and many precedents and authorities cited. The ridiculous and shallow pretense that there was a possibility the State might be left without a head is refuted by a reference to the provisions of the Constitution framed to meet all contingencies. "On no ground of the Constitution, Law, Public Justice, State policy or sound reason," says Chief Justice Agnew in conclusion, "can I discover any exemption of any officer in the State, high or low, from the common duty all citizens owe to the due administration of justice. With these views, I cannot consent to rob the judiciary of its constitutional powers, exalt the Executive above the demands of justice, and the safety and welfare of the people. I cannot abrogate a power entrusted to me by the people, and will return to them a commission, soon to expire, unsullied by any dereliction of duty, or obeisance at the shrine of unwarranted power."

These are such words as the people had the right to expect should come from the whole Court, and not from a dissenting minority. But the Chief Justice has done the State an important service by the impregnable array of facts and arguments he presents, as well as by his cogent and vigorous manner of putting them, in opposition to the abominable heresy that in "a government of the people, by the people, and for the people," there is a privileged class above the law, invested with a royal prerogative to set its ministers at defiance.

VICTOR EMMANUEL, the first King of reunited Italy, died in Rome on Wednesday of last week, aged about 58 years. His eldest son, Humbert, succeeds him on the throne.

ROME, January 13.—The funeral of King Victor Emmanuel will take place on Thursday, and the remains will be deposited in the Pantheon. The Chapter of the Church has declared that it will feel honored by so sacred a trust. The ecclesiastical authorities, by the people's order, have removed all difficulties in connection with the celebration of the funeral. The clergy have also been authorized to attend and the Archbishops of Upper Italy have been ordered to celebrate Requiem Masses.

Pius IX., who is twenty-eight years the senior of Victor Emmanuel, still lives. His survival of the robust King of Italy affords another illustration of the truth that "health and longevity are not synonymous."

A Card.

o are suffering from the errors
tions of youth, nervous weak-
decay, loss of manhood, &c., I
scription that will cure you FREE
E. This great remedy was dis-
missionary in South America.
addressed envelope to the REV.
SEAN, Station D, Bible House,
Dec. 19, 1877. 1y

o Dyke's Sulphur Soap.

DYKE has made the treatment
Scabies his *life long specialty*,
ccessful for years to combine it
ne-t, containing the qualities
as used in his domestic prac-
rkable result has been the ex-
e preparation of his DR. VAN
FURH SOAP.
ing, Deodorizing, Disinfecting,
alling and Purifying.
the coarser skin remarkably
ifull. It imparts a beautiful
and delicacy to the skin, and
ate whiteness when applied to
K, arms and hands.
Pimples, Flesh Worms, Black
Sunburn, Freckles, Liver Spots,
of the body; cures Chapped
ng, Scalds, Burns, Sores, Ulcers,
f the Skin, Dandruff; relieve
ritation of biting and stinging
especially adapted to the Nur-
throom. In bathing children
ctor, and you can take a bath
pleasure.
dve it in their Toilet would
thout it. It is free from all of-
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es the odor of perspiration and
the body, and as an external
lention and Toilet necessity it
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e Bleding Piles where nothing
ve any effect. As an external
ed can scarcely use it too much.
a Cake; a Box (3 cakes) 50
by Mail, (prepaid) on receipt
and retail at Main Depot, No.
street, Philadelphia, Pa. E. S.
ole Proprietor.
Druggists and ask for DR. VAN
PERSOAP, and take no other.
by John M. Huber, Gettysburg,
& Co., Gettysburg, and Dr.
Hulsey, New Oxford, Pa.
GISTS generally. 1y

FORNEY'S

se and Cattle
OWDERS

d to be the best and cheapest
t, for Horses, Cattle, Sheep,
Dry. In all cases where they
represented, the money will be
nufactured and for sale at
RTS AND BOOK STORE.
tf

KNEE'S NOTICE.

hereby given that EDWARD E.
and Wife, of Hamilton Town-
County, Pa., by a deed of vol-
bed, have conveyed their
undersigned, residing in the
, for the benefit of creditors.
ersons having claims against the
ssignee, the undersigned, to
in their claims at once, and
ent to make payment immedi-
MICHAEL SHAFFER,
Dec. 11, 1877. 6t Assignee.

nistrator's Notice.

BERS ESTATE.—Letters of
ion on the estate of Susanna
ased, late of Mount Pleasant
ed, having been granted to
ed, residing in the same town-
s notice to all persons in-
estate to make immediate
those having claims against
sent them properly authen-
tlement.
JACOB H. GORBRECHT,
Dec. 11, 1877. 6t Administrator.

L! COAL!

el Cashman

respectfully inform our citizens
selling COAL of all kinds at
occupied by James Bichon,
Broad and Stratton streets.
best COAL, delivers anywhere
to use, leaving cards, also takes
patronage.
Aug. 29, 1877. tf

VICK'S
D MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

r contains Thirty-two Pages
ne Illustrations,
Plate. A beautiful Garden
ed on elegant paper, and full
in English and German,
r; Five copies $5.00;
and Vegetable Garden, 50
overs; in elegant cloth cov-
ngs.—300 Illustrations, only
address, JAMES VICK,
Rochester, N. Y.

or Sale.

Church in Gettysburg Pa
J. L. SCHICK.

MARKET REPORTS.

GETTYSBURG,
Corrected by W. J. A. Swisher.

Flour	5 50
Rye Flour	2 50
Red Wheat	1 20
Corn	60
New Corn	60
Rye	60
Oats	28
Hay	6 00
Flax-seed	1 25
Timothy-seed	1 25
Clover-seed	5 00
Buckwheat	55
Pork	4 50

NEW OXFORD,
Corrected Wednesdays by H. J. Myers.

Extra Flour	$5 50 @ 6 00
Superior "	5 00 @ 5 50
Rye "	2 75 @ 3 00
White Wheat	1 28
Red "	1 26
Baked "	1 10 @ 1 20
Rye	55
Corn	50 @ 55
Oats	30
Buckwheat	60
Clover-seed	4 75 @ 5 00
Timothy-seed	1 00 @ 1 25
Flax-seed	1 15 @ 1 25
Chop	60 @ 65
Brown-stuff	25 @ 30
Hay	7 00 @ 8 00
Rye Straw	6 50 @ 7 00

BALTIMORE.

Flour	6 00 @ 6 25
Wheat	1 40 @ 1 40
Rye	70 @ 1 00
Corn	55 @ 64
Oats	32 @ 36
Hogs ℔ hund., dead	5 25 @ 5 75
Beef Cattle ℔ hund., live	3 00 @ 6 00
Hay	16 00 @ 18 00

MARRIED.

Sept. 24, 1877, by Rev. M. Kieffer, D. D., Mr. HARRY MILLER to Miss LULIE REARY, both of this county.

At the Reformed Parsonage, New Oxford, on Tuesday evening the 18th inst., by the Rev. W. F. Colliflower, Mr. JOHN SELL MAY, of Paradise township, York county, to Miss JOSEPHINE STRALEY, of Abbottstown, this county.

On Tuesday last, by Rev. J. A. Bell, Mr. JOHN STOCK to Miss MARY STORM, both of this place.

Jan. 3, by Rev. E. J. Metzler, Mr. PETER N. HASSMAN, of Mountpleasant township, this county, to Miss LAURA J. MYERS, of Carroll county, Md.

Jan. 1, by Rev. John Ahl, Mr. ALBERT H. WILBANKS to Miss MANDILLA FEESER, both of Germany township.

Jan. 3, by the same, Mr. RAYMOND S. SEELY to Miss EILEEN KUNEGEITER, both of Germany township.

Jan. 3, by Rev. H. H. Bender, of York, Pa., assisted by Rev. G. H. Deis, Mr. J. L. BENDER, of Menallen township, this county, son of S. Bender, formerly of this county, to Miss MARGARET E. KUNE, of Northumberland county, Pa.

Jan. 1, by the Rev. A. Z. Thomas, Mr. JOHN N. BREAM to Miss REBECCA C. PLANK, all of this county.

Dec. 25, by Rev. S. S. Schlosser, Mr. DAVID M. CURRENS to Miss LIZZIE A. HOYD, both of this county.

Jan. 1, at Arendtsville, by Rev. M. Snyder, Mr. FREDERICK G. SHIVERS to Miss ELIZA WARNER, both of this county.

Jan. 1, by the same, Mr. GEORGE W. BIGHAM to Miss ADDIE M. HESS, of this county.

Dec. 26, by the same, Mr. MARTIN E. G. MENTZER to Miss ALMA CASTETTER, both of Frederick county, Md.

Jan. 15, by the Rev. P. R. Kauffman, Mr. LEWIS HOSKERMAN, of Cumberland, to Miss SUSAN GOCHENOUR, of York county.

On the 5th inst., at the residence of Mr. E. H. Spangler, York, Pa., by Rev. E. R. Hamilton, Mr. JOHN H. BUTT, of East Berlin, to Miss KATIE JANE HOUSKEOLDER, of Abbottstown.

On February 7, 1878, in Harrisburg, by Rev. Peters, Mr. J. KIRK SHERRY, of Mechanicsburg, to Miss ANNIE F. MILLER, of York Springs, Adams county.

DIED.

On the 11th inst., Mr. JOSEPH THOMAN, of Straban township, aged 77 years 7 months and 18 days.

On Sunday morning, after a protracted illness, in this place, Mr. CHARLES CROSTA, aged about 51 years. The deceased has long been a soldier in the late war, the remains were interred with military honors, in the Catholic graveyard, on Wednesday morning.

Dec. 29, in Reading township, Mr. JACOB SMITH, aged about 57 years.

On Saturday last, at the Alms-house, Mr. GEORGE MORGAN, aged about 65 years. He was an inmate of the institution for more than twenty years.

On Thursday last, at the Alms-house, ELIZABETH ANTHONY, aged 10 years.

Dec. 8th, in Hanover, Mrs. SARAH E., wife of Mr. Henry Winebrenner, aged 36 years 3 months and 15 days.

In Conewago township, Jan. 26, SUSANNA JACOBS, aged 70 years 3 months and 22 days.

Jan. 4th, in Littlestown, AARON H. GUTELIUS, aged 5 years and 17 days; also JOSEPH A. GUTELIUS, aged 1 year 8 months and 25 days.

Jan. 5th, at the residence of his father, in Cumberland township, York county, Mr. SAMUEL M. BRENNEMAN, Jr., formerly employed at Lilly's Mills, this county, aged 19 years 1 month and 6 days.

Communicated.

On the 1st inst., in Butler township, Mrs. SARAH FISHER, wife of Abraham Fisher, aged 79 years 9 months and 9 days.

Mother, thou art gone to rest;
We will not weep for thee;
For thou art now where all on earth
Thy spirit longed to see.

Mother, thou art gone to rest;
Thy toils and cares are o'er,
And sorrow, pain and suffering
Shall never distress thee more.

M. M. T.

NOTICE.

THE DIRECTORS OF THE POOR and House of Employment for the County of Adams hereby give notice that they will hereafter meet in the COURT-HOUSE, in Gettysburg, on the first Monday of every month, for the transaction of business. All interested will therefore attend at the Court House instead of at the Almshouse as heretofore.

JOSEPH GERLACH,
SAMUEL CRUMPOFF,
JOHN BOBLITZ,
Directors of the Poor.

Attest—H. A. PICKING, Clerk.
Jan. 18, 1878. 3w

PUBLIC SALE.

ON SATURDAY, the 6th day of FEBRUARY, 1878, by virtue of the Orphans' Court of Adams county, the undersigned, Administrator of the estate of SUSANNA ARNER, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, the real estate of said decedent:

A TRACT OF LAND, situate in Union township, Adams county, Pa., about 5 miles southwest of Hanover, and adjoining lands of Jacob H. Gobrecht, F. Heiser, Noah Sell and others, containing 17 ACRES, more or less, 2 acres cleared and the balance in chestnut and pine timber. The improvements consist of a one and a half story LOG DWELLING HOUSE, Log Stable, Hog Pen, &c., an excellent well of water with pump near the door, with a good Apple Orchard and other fruit. Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call on the Administrator, residing near.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by JACOB H. GOBRECHT,
Administrator.

By the Court—ABRAHAM KING, Clerk.
Jan. 18, 1878. 4t

SHERIFF'S SALE.

ON THURSDAY and FRIDAY, the 28th and 25th days of JANUARY, 1878, in pursuance of sundry writs of Fieri Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county and to me directed will be sold at public sale, at the National Hotel, in the Borough of Gettysburg, Adams county, Pa., at 10 o'clock, A. M., all the personal property of the National Hotel, consisting in part of:

1 CABINET ORGAN, 11 Looking Glasses, 2 Lounges, 60 Chairs of different kinds, 12 Settees, 7 Benches, 23 Tables, 5 Stands, 4 Wash Tubs, 2 Bath Tubs, 3 Wringers, 4 Cottage Bedsteads, 64 Iron Bedsteads, 6 Sawing Machines, 1 Bureau, 3 Bookcases and Wash Stands, 2 Mahogany Wardrobes, 3 Clocks, Organs, Secretary, Book Cases, 45 Window Screens, 65 Paintings, Chromos and Pictures, 7 Husk Ticks, 78 Sheets and Blankets, 18 Quilts and Comforts, Feather Beds, Pillows & Ticking.

Also over 1000 volumes of Books, comprising standard school books, new and second hand, Sabbath school books, Bibles and Testaments, and miscellaneous books. Also, Brittania and Silver-plated Tableware, and a large quantity of Queensware, Glassware, Tinware, Stoneware, 3 Coal Stoves and Pipe, Cooking Stove, 2 Coal Buckets, 8 Spades, 18 Smoothing Irons, Platform and Counter Scales, Iron Pipe, Lead Pipe, Tools and Tools, Lawn Mower, Rakes and Hoes; also 51 Sabbath Books, 10 Carpets and Oil Cloths, Drugs and Groceries, a large lot of Hats, Window Sash and Panel Doors, (new), Paints, Drugs, Flags, Umbrellas, and a great variety of other property.—Seized and taken in execution as the property of the NATIONAL HOTEL, and to be sold by me

JOSEPH SPANGLER, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, Jan. 18, '78. 4t

KEYSTONE HOTEL,

CHAMBERSBURG ST., GETTYSBURG, PA.

William E. Myers, Agent.

THE undersigned has returned to the Keystone Hotel, on Chambersburg street, Gettysburg, Pa., and intends to keep it in the best style for the accommodation of the local and travelling public. He promises courteous treatment to all who may patronize him. The bar will always have the best of the numerous kinds of liquors; cigars, ale and porter will be found large, clean and inviting.

Large stabling, in charge of an attentive hostler, attached to the Hotel.

Give the "Keystone" a call. Charges reasonable and accommodations good.

W. E. MYERS, Agent.
Jan. 18, 1878. tf

FOR SALE OR RENT.

THE HOUSE on Baltimore Street, adjoining J. L. Schick's—position central and very desirable for residence or business. Possession April 1st. WM. McLEAN.
Jan. 4, 1878. tf Executor.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

ON SATURDAY, the 26th day of JANUARY, 1878, in pursuance of sundry writs of Fieri Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, and to me directed, will be sold at public sale, at the National Hotel, in the Borough of Gettysburg, Adams county, Pa., at 10 o'clock, A. M., all the personal property of the National Hotel, consisting in part of:

A LOT OF GROUND, situate on Middle street, in the town of Bendersville, Menallen township, Adams county, Pa., bounded by lot of H. E. Eldon on the northwest, on the southwest by an alley, on the southeast by lot of Emily Bateman, having a front of 8 feet, more or less, and in depth 40 feet, more or less, improved with a Two-story Weatherboarded DWELLING HOUSE, with Wheelwright Kitchen attached, a Stable, Hog Pen and all necessary out-buildings, a well of water, and choice fruit trees and grapes.—Seized and taken in execution as the real estate of CHARLES F. MYERS.

ALSO—

The interest of defendant in a HALF LOT OF GROUND, 30 feet front, more or less, by 180 feet deep, more or less, situate in the borough of Gettysburg, Adams county, Pa., fronting on the north West Middle street, adjoining lot of Mrs. Ann Ziegler on the east, an alley on the south and lot of Henry J. Fahnestock on the west, improved with a Two-story Brick DWELLING HOUSE, a Two-story Back-building attached, Frame Stable and other out-buildings.—Seized and taken in execution as the real estate of ELIZA ZIEGLER.

ALSO—

No. 1, A TRACT OF LAND, containing 8 ACRES, more or less, situate in Hamilton township, Adams county, Pa., adjoining lands of Henry Stock, Oxford and Berlin road, and others, improved with a Two-story Brick DWELLING HOUSE, Frame Barn, and other out-buildings, well of water and some fruit trees.

No. 2, A TRACT OF LAND, situate in the same township, adjoining the Hanover and Carlisle turnpike, lands of Samuel Bryan and others, about one-half mile from Edward G. Gilch's farm house, containing 7 ACRES, more or less, unimproved.—Seized and taken in execution as the real estate of JACOB MORNING.

JOSIAH SPANGLER, Sheriff.

☞Ten per cent. of the purchase money upon each article sold by the sheriff must be paid over immediately after the property is struck down or upon failure to comply therewith the property will be again put up for sale.

Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, Jan. 1, 1878. 4t

VALUABLE FARM

AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE undersigned, Executor of the last will of ABRAHAM SPANGLER, late of Cumberland township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, offers at Private Sale, the following valuable property, viz:

A GOOD FARM

situate in Cumberland township, 1 mile south of Gettysburg, on the Baltimore Turnpike, adjoining lands of Sen. Albert, heirs of William Donnover, Isaac Dodd, Carbaugh Bros., Henry Culp, Nathaniel Lightner, Peter Thorn, and others, containing 72 ACRES, more or less, of Gravelly Loam, in good productive condition and under good tillage. About 25 Acres are in Timber, with a fair proportion of Meadow. The improvements are a Two-story Stone and Log HOUSE, with a Milk House and Springhouse, Bank Barn, Wagon Shed and Corn Crib, Carriage House and Hog Stable, with other out-buildings; three wells of excellent water, two at the house and one at the barn; an Apple Orchard in bearing condition, with every other variety of fruit. The farm property is very desirable; well located and in a high state of good neighborhood. Any person desiring to view the premises will call on Levi Spangler, residing thereon, or on the Executor, residing near Gettysburg.

GEORGE SPANGLER,
Executor.
Sept. 5, 1877. tf

Business Stand

AND DWELLING IN GETTYSBURG,

AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE undersigned, intending to remove to the character, offers at Private Sale, his desirable BUSINESS STAND AND DWELLING, next door to the Eagle Hotel, on Chambersburg street, Gettysburg. The lot runs from the street to an alley on the north, and the improvements consist of a twenty-foot THREE-STORY BRICK HOUSE with Brick Back-building, kitchen handsome Stone Room on the first floor and Dwelling on the first and second floors, designed and used for a saddlery ware-room and Confection business. The house is modern in style, of attractive appearance, substantial, roomy and convenient. In good excellent repair under the whole, and supplied with water and gas. There is also a work shop and a large ICE HOUSE on the lot, built of recent erection.

So rare an chance for the purchase of a first-class business stand is not often spread before you to complete in all its parts, and commanding so large a trade.

Buyers are requested to call early and inspect the premises. Terms will be made easy, and possession given inside of thirty days. JOHN GROEL.
Sept. 28, 1876. tf

Real Estate

AT PUBLIC SALE.

ON FRIDAY, the 18th day of JANUARY, 1878, the undersigned will offer at Public Sale, on the premises,

A TRACT OF LAND,

situate in Franklin township, Adams county, 3 miles south of Cashtown and half a mile west of Chambersburg road, near Fairplay Spring School-house, adjoining John Harding, William Baker and others, containing 8 ACRES and 120 PERCHES, more or less. The improvements are a Two-story Log HOUSE, Log Stable, Hog Pen, &c., an excellent well of water with pump near the door, with a good Apple Orchard and other fruit. Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call on the Administrator, residing near.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by JACOB H. GOBRECHT,
Administrator.

By the Court—ABRAHAM KING, Clerk.
Jan. 18, 1878. 4t

SHERIFF'S SALE.

ON THURSDAY and FRIDAY, the 24th and 25th days of JANUARY, 1878, in pursuance of sundry writs of Fieri Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county and to me directed will be sold at public sale, at the National Hotel, in the Borough of Gettysburg, Adams county, Pa., at 10 o'clock, A. M., all the personal property of the National Hotel, consisting in part of:

1 CABINET ORGAN, 11 Looking Glasses, 2 Lounges, 60 Chairs of different kinds, 12 Settees, 7 Benches, 23 Tables, 5 Stands, 4 Wash Tubs, 2 Bath Tubs, 3 Wringers, 4 Cottage Bedsteads, 64 Iron Bedsteads, 6 Sawing Machines, 1 Bureau, 3 Bookcases and Wash Stands, 2 Mahogany Wardrobes, 3 Clocks, Organs, Secretary, Book Cases, 45 Window Screens, 65 Paintings, Chromos and Pictures, 7 Husk Ticks, 78 Sheets and Blankets, 18 Quilts and Comforts, Feather Beds, Pillows & Ticking.

Also over 1000 volumes of Books, comprising standard school books, new and second hand, Sabbath school books, Bibles and Testaments, and miscellaneous books. Also, Brittania and Silver-plated Tableware, and a large quantity of Queensware, Glassware, Tinware, Stoneware, 3 Coal Stoves and Pipe, Cooking Stove, 2 Coal Buckets, 8 Spades, 18 Smoothing Irons, Platform and Counter Scales, Iron Pipe, Lead Pipe, Tools and Tools, Lawn Mower, Rakes and Hoes; also 51 Sabbath Books, 10 Carpets and Oil Cloths, Drugs and Groceries, a large lot of Hats, Window Sash and Panel Doors, (new), Paints, Drugs, Flags, Umbrellas, and a great variety of other property.—Seized and taken in execution as the property of the NATIONAL HOTEL, and to be sold by me

JOSEPH SPANGLER, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, Jan. 18, '78. 4t

THE STATE NORMAL SCHOOL,

SHIPPENSBURG, PA.,

is one of the best and most thoroughly practical Institutions in the State. Its social influences are refining and home-like and its discipline strict. Terms very low. Will open September 3d, 1877.

Rev. I. N. Hays,
July 19, 1877. 6m *Principal.*

VICK'S
FLOWER AND VEGETABLE SEEDS

Are planted by a million people in America. Vick's Catalogue.—300 Illustrations, 2 sts., pages, five Illustrations, and Colored Plate in each number. Price $1.25 a year; Five copies for $5.00.

Vick's Flower and Vegetable Garden, 50 cents in paper covers; with elegant cloth covers $1.00.

All my publications are printed in English and German. Address, JAMES VICK,
Jan. 11, 1878. Rochester, N. Y.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following articles now in possession of Andrew Havenstock, of Tyrone township, in Adams county, Pa., belong to the undersigned, having been purchased by him, viz: 1 Bay Horse, 1 Sorrel Mare, 1 Blind Mare, 1 Colt, 6 Cows, 5 Heifers, 5 Sheep, 1 reaper and Mower, 1 Harrow, 1 Fork, 1 Plough and Shovels, 1 Wagon and Bed.

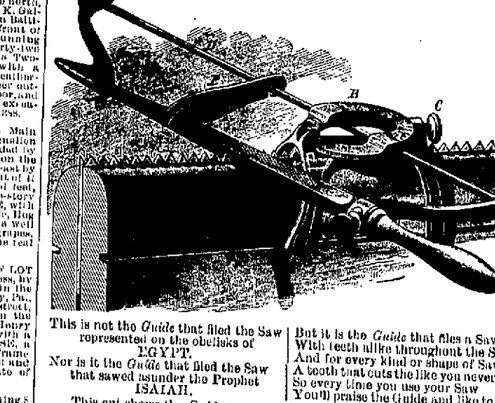
CHARLES W. HARMONY.
Jan. 1, 1878. 3t

SAW FILING MADE EASY

By Roth's Improved Saw File Guide.

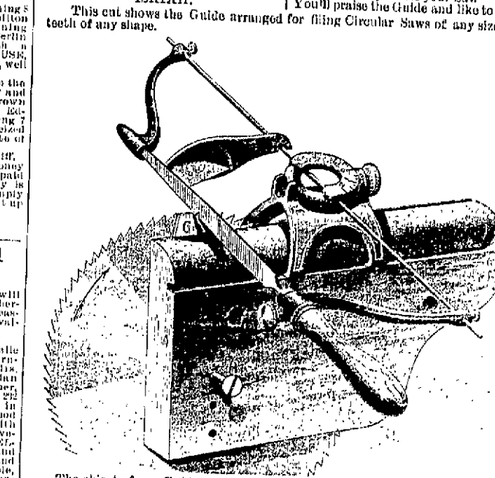
PATENTED 1876.

This cut shows the Guide arranged for filing Straight Saws, such as Hand Saws of every kind, Buck Saws, Butcher Saws, Mill Saws, Cross-cut Saws, etc.



This is not the *Guide* that filed the Saw
represented on the obelisks of
EGYPT.
Nor is it the *Guide* that filed the Saw
that sawed asunder the Prophet
ISAIAH.

This cut shows the Guide arranged for filing Circular Saws of any size and teeth of any shape.



But it is the *Guide* that files a Saw,
With teeth alike throughout the Saw,
And for every kind or shape of Saw,
A tooth that cuts the like you never Saw,
So every time you use your Saw
You'll praise the Guide and like to Saw.

The object of our Guide is to guide the file during the operation of filing saw teeth, and is done in such a manner that exactly the same bevel and pitch shall be imparted to each tooth, and this file is made to cut more smooth and even, and which also admits, on the saw being re-filed, of forming the teeth with the same bevel and pitch as in the begining, thus requiring much less filing, with less wear to either the file or the saw, and the operation of filing is greatly simplified.

Both the above cuts represent our small size Guide, and will file Circular or Straight Saws. Price of small size with clamp $2.00; without clamp $1.50. The large size Guide files all kinds of Saws that have large teeth, such as Mill Saws and large Cross-cut Saws—price $3.00. To all who use saws of any kind, we will simply say that the Guide has no equal for filing saws.

☞Manufactured by

E. ROTH & BRO.,
New Oxford Adams county, Pa.

For Testimonials or Guides address as above.

HOLIDAY GOODS!

Writing Desks,
PORTFOLIOS, GAMES,
Juvenile Books,
TOILET SETS,
CARD CASES,
CIGAR CASES,
Fine Stationery,
AT
JOHN M. HUBER'S
Drug and Book Store,
Baltimore Street,
GETTYSBURG, PA.

Dec. 7, 1877. tf

PRIME FURNITURE!

Every Variety in Stock, Always on Hand!

J. William Garlach,

Having purchased the Furniture Room and Shops of Garlach & Trimmer, on SOUTH BALTIMORE STREET, GETTYSBURG, Pa., is prepared at all times to furnish in every style, Furniture, Chairs, &c., of the best QUALITY & HOME-MADE. Having had a large experience in the business himself he can please all who give him a call. UNDERTAKING always on hand. **BURIAL ROBES** furnished on short notice. Remember the place,

May 11, 1877. tf J. WM. GARLACH.

Fall and Winter

1877.

NEW
AND
CHEAP
GOODS
AT
FAHNESTOCKS'.

Oct. 5, 1877. tf

Buy the Best $1.00 SHIRT,
THE
PEARL SHIRT.

REASONS why the PEARL SHIRT is perfect to all others: 1st. They are Bosoms are three ply and made of the best linen, each ply being guaranteed to be all linen. 2d. Sleeves made only by capable and experienced hands, are carefully inspected and are unsurpassed by any other in workmanship. 4th. They are guaranteed to fit and give satisfaction in every particular. Try them and be convinced!

For sale only by

J. L. SCHICK,
Dealer in Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Gettysburg, Pa. Nov. 09, 1877. 3m

A NICE HOME

AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE undersigned offers at Private Sale the property also now occupies, on the Carlisle road, one and a half miles from Gettysburg, consisting of nearly THIRTEEN ACRES OF LAND, about 2½ acres being in timber. The improvements are a Two story WEATHERBOARD DWELLING HOUSE, with Kitchen attached, a Frame Barn, Corn Crib, &c., plenty of Peaches, Apples and Grapes, and a well of water near the house. This is a nice home, and should command the attention of buyers.

Nov. 23, 1877. tf MARY A. BUTT.

VICK'S
Flower and Vegetable Garden

is the most beautiful work of the kind in the world. It contains nearly 150 pages, hundreds of Illustrations, and six Chromo Plates of Flowers, beautifully drawn and colored from nature. Price 50 cents in paper covers; $1.00 in elegant cloth. Printed in German and English.

Vick's Illustrated Monthly Magazine,—32 pages, five Illustrations, and Colored Plate in every number. Price $1.25 a year; Five copies for $5.00.

Vick's Catalogue,—300 Illustrations, 2 sts. pages.

Address, JAMES VICK,
Jan. 11, 1878. Rochester, N. Y.

Valuation and Assessment

FOR 1878.

IN pursuance of an Act of Assembly passed the 17th day of June, 1876, the following Statement is hereby published by the Commissioners of Adams county, which exhibits the amount, description and value of the Real and Personal Property, Trades, Occupations and Professions, made taxable by the several Acts of Assembly of this Commonwealth:

Boroughs and Townships.	Number of Acres of Cleared Land.	Number of Acres of Land Not Cleared.	Value of Land Including Improvements.	Value of Town Lots.	Value of Furniture.	Value of Money at Interest.	Value of Stock in Trade.
Gettysburg	606	161	200	870	2,725		
Cumberland	6,885	2,216	8,111	1,750	4,111	17,250	
Germany	7,190	1,710	9,000	1,611	2,900		
Oxford	5,923	1,077	8,000	1,000	3,000		
Hamilton	7,475	2,125	9,600	1,065	3,055		
Latimore	7,000	1,000	8,000	1,000	3,000		
Hamiltonban	5,700	1,200	6,900	1,000	3,000		
Strabane	6,000	1,000	7,000	500	3,000		
Franklin	6,000	3,000	9,000	1,000	3,000		
Reading	7,000	2,000	9,000	1,000	3,000		
Mount Joy	6,000	3,000	9,000	1,000	3,000		
Menallen	6,000	3,000	9,000	1,000	3,000		
Tyrone	5,000	2,000	7,000	1,000	3,000		
Mountpleasant	6,000	3,000	9,000	1,000	3,000		
Union	6,000	3,000	9,000	1,000	3,000		
Conewago	6,000	3,000	9,000	1,000	3,000		
Butler	6,000	3,000	9,000	1,000	3,000		
Mount Joy	6,000	3,000	9,000	1,000	3,000		
Freedom	6,000	3,000	9,000	1,000	3,000		
Liberty	6,000	3,000	9,000	1,000	3,000		
Berwick	6,000	3,000	9,000	1,000	3,000		
Berwick for lor	6,000	3,000	9,000	1,000	3,000		
Littlestown for	6,000	3,000	9,000	1,000	3,000		
Highland	6,000	3,000	9,000	1,000	3,000		
York Springs for	6,000	3,000	9,000	1,000	3,000		
New Oxford	6,000	3,000	9,000	1,000	3,000		
Improvements	2,370						
	106,956	119,919	355,958	282,196	625,041		

Boroughs and Townships.	Number of Acres of Cleared Land.	Number of Acres of Land Not Cleared.	Value of Land Including Improvements.	Value of Town Lots.	Value of Furniture.	Value of Money at Interest.	Value of Stock in Trade.
Gettysburg	10,170	1,095	11,050	37,400			
Cumberland	9,000		9,000	2,000			
Germany	9,000		9,000	2,000			
Oxford	9,000		9,000				
Hamilton	9,000		9,000				
Latimore	9,000		9,000				
Hamiltonban	9,000		9,000	750			
Strabane	9,000		9,000	6,000			
Franklin	9,000		9,000	2,000			
Reading	9,000		9,000	2,000			
Mount Joy	9,000		9,000	2,000			
Menallen	9,000		9,000	2,000			
Tyrone	9,000		9,000	2,000			
Mountpleasant	9,000		9,000	2,000			
Union	9,000		9,000	2,000			
Conewago	9,000		9,000	2,000			
Butler	9,000		9,000	2,000			
Mount Joy	9,000		9,000	2,000			
Freedom	9,000		9,000	2,000			
Liberty	9,000		9,000	2,000			
Berwick	9,000		9,000	2,000			
Berwick for lor	9,000		9,000	2,000			
Littlestown for	9,000		9,000	2,000			
Highland	9,000		9,000	2,000			
York Springs for	9,000		9,000	2,000			
New Oxford	9,000		9,000	2,000			
	463,545	115	463,545	139,750			

J. F. LEAS,
J. D. WORLEY,
B. RHODES, Jr.,
Commissioners.

Attest—J. JEFF. MYERS, Clerk.
Jan. 11, 1878. 4t

TAX APPEALS.

THE Commissioners of Adams county hereby give notice that they have fixed the following days for holding the appe

Gettysburg Compiler.

FRIDAY, JAN. 18, 1878.

FARM AND HOUSE.

ROADS AND ROAD-MAKING.

A few weeks ago the Baltimore *Sun* had the following excellent editorial on "Roads and Road-making." Its remarks apply as fully to Pennsylvania as to Maryland. At this season especially the subject should receive consideration; and the suggestion of the Farmers' Social that *Supervisors go into office about the first of March* (as published in last week's COMPILER) ought to be so universally acceptable as to bring about the needed legislation at an early day. The *Sun* says:

The question of county roads is again to be brought before the General Assembly of Maryland at the coming session. It has scarcely engaged with us, until now, the attention its importance merits. Few country people know what a good road, highway or turnpike should be; fewer still realize the great advantages their construction affords, even when the work is done, in the first instance, at a high cost. The foundation, the drainage, the materials, their preparation and size; the kind of stone, where stones can be used; the benefit of sand or gravel, the proper slope to be given, the marks of hillside or valley—scarcely any of these points are understood by one person in five hundred outside of the profession of engineering.—Good roads are one of the best elements of prosperity to a State. In some of the States the roads are natural and durable ones. It is only necessary to make them and there they remain. In the Connecticut Valley, for instance, the soil is sandy, with a porous gravel subsoil. Such roads seldom wash. There is no mud. They are hard, compact and smooth the year round. Of like excellence and durability are some of the roads in the Valley of Virginia, although there the material is stone. Nature has not so favored Maryland. Roads with us must be kept in repair at considerable labor and expense. Then comes the problem as to whether it will pay to expend any large sum upon them, and the not less puzzling query as to the best manner of outlay, so as to combine good work with honesty and efficiency of supervision. It is well known that Baltimore county gets very little return for the present heavy tax for roads, notwithstanding the minute provisions of the law concerning them. When this matter comes before the General Assembly its consideration will be especially urged by the delegates of Baltimore county.

Whatever measure may be devised for improving our county roads, it should be fully understood that good roads mean nearness to market, saving of wagons and horses, salable farms and increased trade. As to markets, a turnpike of eighteen miles is better than an ordinary country road of half that distance. Frequently a mile from a macadamized pike takes more out of a team in wear and tear than all the rest of the way. The calculation of resistance to travel on different kinds of roads has been carefully made, and this is the record:

	Force to Move a Carriage.
Turnpike	80 lbs.
Compact loam	33 lbs.
Ordinary county road	166 lbs.
Loose sandy road	261 lbs.

It will be seen that between the first and last of these the difference is enormous, and that between a turnpike and an ordinary county road, as we now make them, the ease of traction is more than three to one in favor of the former. There are very few roads in Baltimore county that are well made, or that will stand the rains of summer and the frost of winter, and such roads have usually been constructed partly if not wholly at the expense of the adjoining property owners. All other roads are radically bad, and the patching done to them makes them no better. For the county road maker to throw dirt from the sides to the middle of the road, scoop out a shallow ditch to carry off the water, and put rough water breaks at intervals on declivities, are the extent of his scientific acquirements. After a heavy rain the dirt is frequently washed off again, and if it remains in winter it freezes and thaws, and the horses plow through it up to their fetlocks. This is not road making. It is simply a waste of the money of the taxpayer.

FATTENING CATTLE.—In a paper recently read before the York County Farmers' Club, Prof. S. B. Heiges said:

Our short season for pasturing, expensive lands, high taxes, cost of making hay and feeding it during the greater portion of the year, will forever prevent us from rearing our cattle for feeding purposes. We must therefore rely upon sections of our country where cattle can be reared at trifling expense.—The first element of profitable feeding will consist in the selection of such animals as take kindly to food and will lay on a supply of flesh proportionate to the food consumed.

Foods are of two general classes:—flesh-formers and fat-formers. The former are known as nitrogenous foods and the latter as carbonaceous foods. There is an easy method of discovering whether an animal is profitably using his nitrogenous food: if there is a deficiency of nitrogen in his urine compared with what his food contains, he is retaining it in his body and building up flesh; if there is an excess of nitrogen in his urine compared with the food consumed, he is wasting his flesh and the presumption is that his feeding will be profitless. Fat is used in the process of respiration, and the animal fattens only when he consumes an amount of carbon greater than that needed for respiration. It is a fact beyond dispute then, that an animal which fattens in the shortest time must be the most profitable, as he has lost least of his food by respiration.

Excessive cold or heat increases the respiration. The former by requiring more oxygen to combine with the carbon to retain the proper degree of animal heat; the latter to throw off the excessive heat by the respiration or evaporation of water.

A place of medium temperature is the most profitable, as less heat requires more food, and greater heat more water which requires more food to eliminate it from the system. A perfect food consists in a proper admixture of carbonaceous and nitrogenous substances. Clover hay from its composition must ever be considered one of the most valuable grade foods; wheat-bran constitutes a very important cattle food from its flesh-forming and blood-producing constituents; corn, from its high percentage of carbon, must always be deemed one of the cheap fat-formers. Cotton-seed meal is a good fat and flesh-former, and besides possesses a good supply of bone making material. Lucerne, which unfortunately our farmers will not take hold of, ranks highest of all the crude foods as a flesh former, even out-ranking red clover when cut in half-bloom.

We have thus enumerated the cheapest general foods upon which cattle can be fattened, critically considering the value of the manure which will be produced; for, upon an average, farmers can not look for more than the market price of the food consumed in the sale of their fat cattle. The entire profit, an ample one for the investment, will do in the large quantity of manure produced from the food consumed and the straw used as litter. The marketing of fat cattle depends so much upon external fluctuating principles that no definite laws can ever be established as to feeding. The entire profit sometimes depends upon the day when and the party to whom you make the sale.

ROVING FARMERS.—There is a class of farmers who are constantly on the lookout for a better place to go. Their farms are always "for sale," and they dream of luxuriant lands in some other part of the country, which can be bought "for a song," where they imagine that they would be more prosperous, and enjoy life better than where they now reside. Many of these men own mortgaged farms; and for such men to desire to remove where they can own a *free* farm, though it be far, far away, is but a natural manifestation to better one's condition which the human mind cannot resist. But where can these men go, after selling their farms, and be contented? That is a serious question which no man can answer of his own knowledge. Suppose they can sell out, and command a thousand or fifteen hundred dollars after paying all their debts, and they start for "the West," Kansas, Missouri, Iowa, or some other State. Eighty acres of land, with a "comfortable" house or log cabin on it, can be bought for from $5 to $10 per acre. The land is all right, as good as "lies out of doors;" but, alas, for the surroundings. Neighbors are scarce, "society" is a myth; and the poor, frail housewife, who follows her husband without a murmur, pines for *friends*.—The children have to go two miles or farther to school, and, in the winter season, they cannot attend much of the time in consequence of storms. Churches are "few and far between," and the *people* are generally a mixture of various nations; and the result of all is, that many an Eastern farmer who goes West is unhappy and wishes himself back on his homestead. So if one goes South or anywhere, he will not find things just to his mind. If one thing is better than on the old place, another is worse; and taking all things into consideration, but few farmers change their residences, who are able to make a living on the old place, that better themselves by removing to a distant State. One may obtain rich lands at a low price where there is no market for what he grows; and he may get into an unhealthy locality, and soon he may bury his wife and children, and what then? a gloomy world for him.—*Exchange.*

HOW TO SET A GATE-POST.—I will suppose the gate when shut to hang to the west side of the post—opening southward; dig the post hole at least three feet deep, flatten the east and west sides of the post (the part in the ground) a nail a short board, say 10 by 12 inches on the east side even with the bottom of the post; put in the post placing it where you want it, fill in the dirt, and beat it down thoroughly till within sixteen inches of the top; then take a two inch board, 16x21 inches, nail it on the east side of the upper edge even with the top of the ground, and one like it on the south side sixteen inches long, fill up and pack the dirt well, and my experience is that your post will not sway.—*Cor. Indiana Farmer.*

THE Blenheim Pippin Apple and Agawam Grape are the most popular.

PULL UP THE BLIND.

Pull up the blind, Katy; pull up the blind!
You say, "The sun will spoil the carpet."
Never mind, never mind,
For better so than that your cheeks or mine
Should lose their wealth of color, Katy.
Let it shine, let it shine.
And you shall find new joy it will impart,
Pull up the blind, Kitty; pull it up!
The sun helps the heart.
—*Rev. H. H. Patterson.*

HOW TO TREAT UNEXPECTED GUESTS.—When one of "father's" business friends drives into the yard at half past eleven, the good wife knows that he will surely stop to dinner. Father is a great story teller, and he likes to get hold of a new auditor. How aptly comes a frown of dismay and displeasure on the smooth, fair face of his helpmate.—What can be done? Work is going on according to the day's plan in the kitchen; the dinner was arranged for the family; the children are coming home from school and making a clatter; all is bustle and confusion. She feels that the best dishes must be used, and some thing extra cooked for the inopportune guest.

Now, good woman, don't do it! Your fine dinner, with its attendant irritation and upsetting, will taste no better than what you prepared. Make no difference in your plans, but seat your visitor with a smile and an easy greeting at your hospitable board; and he will feel more comfortable and happy than though you gave him a banquet. You save temper and trouble, and gain the enjoyment of giving your friend a real easy time. A sensible person knows that farmers do not have six courses upon their tables daily, and the wholesome, hearty fare, with good nature and hospitable cordiality, will be tinctured with a sweet, domestic sense that is invariably lost in grand dinners. Smiles and neatness are sauce for homely meals.

GRIDDLE CAKES.—At this season when buckwheat is most used I would suggest that an addition of one-third Graham flour makes a great improvement in the pancakes. They are lighter, more easily digested and more wholesome.

THE PROPOSED REMEDY FOR THE TRAMP NUISANCE.—At a Convention lately held in Baltimore, to consider the tramp nuisance, Hon. Montgomery Blair presided. It was resolved to urge vigorously the following measures before the next Legislature:

First—Every tramp and vagabond shall be liable to arrest and imprisonment for a specified term at labor.

Second—That such labor may be required to be performed upon the country roads or other public works, at the option of the County Commissioners of the several counties.

Third—That the House of Correction should be completed and opened for the reception of tramps at the earliest day practicable.

Fourth—That the lodging and incarceration of tramps and vagabonds in jails and almshouses shall, as far as practicable, be discontinued, and if necessary, district workhouses shall be established to co-operate with the House of Correction in relieving the jails and almshouses of the maintenance of able bodied paupers.

Fifth—The imprisonment of paupers and criminals alike shall have for its object reformation and instruction, with the protection of the community, rather than punishment.

Sixth—The sale of intoxicating drinks to known tramps and vagabonds shall be forbidden.

GLOBE INN,
York Street, near Centre Square,
GETTYSBURG, PA.
F. S. Ramer, Proprietor.
THE above Hotel has been recently refurnished and refitted in the best manner. The travelling public will always find the best accommodations, and every endeavor will be made to render them perfectly at home. Terms reasonable. Careful and attentive Hostlers and Waiters always in readiness.
☞A new Omnibus to and from the Depot to the arrival of all trains free of charge. Passengers conveyed to any part of the town.
BAGGAGE TRANSFER AND SADDLE HORSES TO HIRE AT ALL TIMES.
April 5, 1872. tf

BATTLE-FIELD HOTEL,
GETTYSBURG, PA.
F. J. Rosensteel, Proprietor.
THIS pleasantly located Hotel, at the Junction of Baltimore street and the Emmitsburg road, and near the National Cemetery, offers excellent accommodations, as moderate rates. The houses, rooms and bar, will be good order throughout. THE TABLE has the best of the market, and the bar choice liquors. In addition, Frank is always on hand to give attention to his guests, deeming it a pleasure to minister to their comfort, and deserve their good will and favor. Give him a call, and you will be pleased with the "Battle-Scar" and its affable proprietor.
Gettysburg, June 8, 1875. tf

EAGLE HOTEL,
NEW OXFORD, Adams County, Pa.
THIS undersigned having purchased the Martin Hotel property, in New Oxford, Adams county, will conduct it in future, under the name of the "Eagle Hotel." He pledges himself to spare no effort for the comfort of his guests. His table shall receive the market can afford, and his bar the choicest liquors. His chambers are spacious and aired full to give sound sleep. There is immediately attaching to the Hotel, which will be conducted by a reliable and accommodating driver. The proprietor hopes for a share of the patronage of public conveyance, and will endeavor to deserve it. Remember the "Eagle" is in the northeast corner of the Diamond, New Oxford.
J. H. WIRT.
March 11, 1876. tf

CENTRAL HOTEL,
NEAR THE COURT-HOUSE,
GETTYSBURG, PA.
Jacob Klunk, Prop'r.
THIS centrally located hotel, having been refitted throughout, is now kept as a first-class Hotel, on Baltimore street, only a few doors from the Court-house, in the pleasant town of Gettysburg, and invites old and new customers and the public to give it a call. The rooms are all new and airy, and furnished in the best and fullest style—designed to be surpassed in no house. His table shall always have the best of the season, and the bar none but choicest liquors. A spacious stabling attached, with an attentive hostler.
Charges moderate. The undersigned flatters himself that with his long experience in the hotel business and desire to please, all guests at the Central will be more than satisfied with the treatment, fare and bills.
April 5, 1875. tf JACOB KLUNK.

CHARLES D. BARNEY & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
111 SOUTH THIRD STREET,
Philadelphia, Pa.
WE buy and sell GOVERNMENT, STATE, and CITY Loans, CITY WARRANTS, GOLD, SILVER, FOREIGN EXCHANGE, &c. DRAW BILLS ON LONDON, available throughout England, Ireland and Scotland. BONDS AND STOCKS BOUGHT AND SOLD on commission. DEPOSITS RECEIVED, subject to check at sight.
Jan. 27, 1877. 1y

BAKERY!
THE undersigned, thanking for the patronage received during the past, the HOFFMAN BAKERY, in South Washington street, near the office of the Compiler,
GETTYSBURG, PA.,
would respectfully inform the old customers and the public generally that she continues the business at the same place and begs a continuance of patronage.
FRESH BREAD,
BUNS, TWIST,
CAKES, PRETZELS,
EVERY DAY.
By doing the best of flour and other material, and doing her work well she hopes to give satisfaction in every case. Call at or send your orders to the bakery, corner of Washington and High streets, opposite the Female Institute and Powers' Granite Yard.
MARY A. HOFFMAN.

COOK AND PARLOR
STOVES,
OF ALL KINDS,
The latest and most approved styles.
TIN, SHEET-IRON AND
HOLLOW WARE.
COAL AND LUMBER
OF ALL KINDS.
C. H. BUEHLER'S
Ware Rooms,
CORNER OF CARLISLE & FAIR ROAD STREETS,
GETTYSBURG, PA.
CALL AND EXAMINE!
January 18, 1877. tf

Remember the Dead!
CHOICE WORK—LOW PRICES!
CALL AT
WM. N. MILLER'S
MARBLE WORKS,
Directly Opposite the Court-house,
GETTYSBURG, PA.
April 13, 1876. tf

PAINTING!
THE undersigned would respectfully inform the public that he is prepared to do
House & Sign Painting,
GLAZING &c.,
WITH
GRAINING
in the best manner. He has had a long experience in the business, and most of the time in York and Lancaster, where first class work alone satisfies. He asks a share of patronage. His prices are moderate, and cannot fail to please.
Residence in "the Hill," in Baltimore street.
HENRY J. PREU.
Gettysburg, April 8, 1877. tf

TRAVELER'S GUIDE.
Han. Junction, Hanover & Gettysb'g RAILROAD.
On and after Nov. 26, 1877, trains will run and connect as follows:
EASTWARD.

Leave Gettysburg	8.00	1.00	5.15
New Oxford	8.40	1.40	5.55
Hanover	9.15	2.10	6.30
Arrive Han. Junc.	10.15	3.00	7.30
Baltimore	.....	5.40	7.35
Washington	.....	9.00	9.00
York	11.30		6.10
	P.M.		
Harrisburg	12.15		10.20
			A.M.
Phila. via Col.	3.15		8.10
			A.M.
N. York "	6.15		6.50
Pittsburgh "	11.30		8.15

Trains leave Hanover for Frederick at 10.30 a.m. and 4.05 p.m.
Train for East Berlin leave Gettysburg at 4.15 p.m. Return at 8.45 a.m.
H. H. SHARP,
Gettysburg, Nov. 30, 1877. Ticket Agent.

Pennsylvania Rail Road.
FREDERICK DIVISION.
ON and after Monday, Dec. 23th, 1876, Trains will leave and arrive at Hanover as follows:
NORTHWARD.
8.30 A. M. from Littlestown, for York, Columbia.
10.45 A. M. from Frederick, for York, Columbia, Lancaster, Philadelphia and New York, connecting at Hanover with train leaving Gettysburg at 9.20 A. M., arriving at Philadelphia 4.15 P. M.
2.20 P. M. from Hanover, to York, Columbia, Lancaster, Philadelphia and New York.
6.10 P. M. from Frederick, to York and Columbia.
SOUTHWARD.
11.50 A. M. for Frederick, from Columbia and York.
4.55 P. M. from New York, Philadelphia, Lancaster, Columbia and York, connecting at York with train for South on N. C. Railway, from Harrisburg and all points north and west, and at Hanover with train leaving for Gettysburg at 6.10 P. M.
H. H. CARTER,
FRANK THOMPSON, Superintendent.
General Manager. Jan. 25, 1877. tf

CHANGE OF TIME.
WM. E. BIDDLE'S
Express Freight Lines.
TO BALTIMORE.
THE undersigned has established a line of Freight Cars between Gettysburg and Baltimore which leaves Gettysburg
EVERY TUESDAY AT NOON,
arrives at Baltimore on Wednesday morning; leaves Baltimore on Wednesday evenings, and arrives at Gettysburg on Thursdays. Cars run to KARR & BORDER'S WAREHOUSE, 12 North Street, Baltimore. Depot in Gettysburg at corner of Washington and Railroad streets, formerly Bingham's Warehouse. A share of public patronage solicited, and satisfaction guaranteed.
WM. E. BIDDLE.
Gettysburg, Jan. 11, 1875. tf

JOHN H. SPANGLER,
Gettysburg & Baltimore Freight Line
Corner of Washington and North streets, (White's Warehouse,) GETTYSBURG, PA.
Cars leave GETTYSBURG from White's Warehouse, corner North and Washington streets, every Monday and Thursday.
Cars leave BALTIMORE from Allowell's Dock, 10 North Street, every Tuesday and Friday.
Cars arrive at GETTYSBURG every Wednesday and Saturday.
Cars leave BALTIMORE every Tuesday and Friday morning.
ALSO
COMMISSION MERCHANT
And DEALER in all kinds of PRODUCE. SALT for sale at lowest prices to Dealers. Goods Handled with Care and Delivered Promptly.
TERMS CASH.
Dec 21, 1877. tf

WM. J. MARTIN,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
Groceries and Liquors.
ALL KINDS OF
GROCERIES,
FLOUR, BACON, LARD, NOTIONS, &c., &c.
At Reduced Prices.
IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC
LIQUORS,
Wines, Brandies, Whiskies, Holland Gin, Schiedam Schnapps, Hibbert's Brown & Pale London Porter Ale.
OUR OWN MONOGRAM BITTERS,
manufactured from strictly pure liquors, and are unequalled as a valuable tonic and valuable remedy in all cases of indigestion dyspepsia, &c.
HOTEL KEEPERS
will find it to their interest to give me a call, as I have obtained a WHOLESALE LICENSE, which enables me to sell in any quantity and to compete with city prices.
BALTIMORE ST., GETTYSBURG, PA.
April 20, 1877. tf

NOAH WALKER & CO.
WASHINGTON BUILDING,
Nos. 165 and 167 West Baltimore Street
BALTIMORE, MD.
Gold and Potentiary Silver
MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING,
Of all Descriptions Made from $7 to $12.
We have stocked our Retail Department with a full line of Mens', Boys' and Children's Suits, to suit all classes of buyers.
OVERCOATS
at from $7, $8, $10 and $11 to $14.
CUSTOM DEPARTMENT.
Cloths, Cassimeres, and Vestings, in large variety to select from for customs.
Full Line of Men's and Boys'
FURNISHING GOODS.
165, WEST BALTIMORE STREET. 167.
Feb. 22, 1875. tf

Grain, Produce, &c.,
AT
NEW OXFORD.
THE undersigned continues the Grain and Produce business at the old stand in New Oxford, Pa., and will always pay the highest market prices for
FLOUR, WHEAT, RYE, CORN, OATS, CLOVER SEED, TIMOTHY SEED, FLAX SEED, TURNIP SEED, &c.;
and will keep on hand for sale at the smallest profits,
GROCERIES, FISH, SALT, BACON, FLOUR AND FEED,
Soaps, Tar, Oils, and everything else usually kept in a first-class country establishment of the kind, thankful to the public for past favors, he solicits a continuance of the same.
H. J. MYERS.
May 10, 1877. tf

FASHIONABLE DRESS-MAKING
Mrs. Ziegler
IS prepared to MAKE DRESSES at short notice. She will also furnish the latest patterns, at reasonable prices. Also French Stamping, Braiding and Embroidering, Pillow Shams, Toilet Sets, Sets for Sacques, slippers, Initials, all Stamping patterns. Everything done at reasonable rates.
Gettysburg, Nov. 3, 1875. tf

JOHN W. TIPTON,
BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER,
Chambersburg Street, opposite Eagle Hotel.
Go to Tipton's—go to Tipton's—
If you want your hair dressed nicely—
If you want your mustache waxed neatly—
This the fellow that can do it—
Go! I say, go and do it neatly.
Jan 29, 1877.

REMOVAL.
SAMUEL H. EICHOLTZ,
MANUFACTURER AND REPAIRER OF
Wagons, Carriages,
BUGGIES, JAGGERS, SLEIGHS, etc.
Has removed his Shop to the north end of Carlisle street, where he will continue to do all work in the best and neatest manner, and invites a share of public patronage.
Gettysburg, Nov. 27, 1877. tf

For Exchange,
A GOOD FARM in the West, for a good Farm or Town Property in Adams county, Pa. Inquire at this office. Aug. 10, '77.

First National
BANK
OF
GETTYSBURG.
PRESIDENT
GEO. THRONE.
CASHIER
ROBERT BELL.
DIRECTORS,
JOHN WOLFORD, York Springs.
GEORGE THRONE, Franklin.
ROBERT BELL, Strahan.
PETER SEHL, New Oxford.
ALEX. STARNER, Gettysburg.
DANIEL GUTE, Gettysburg.
SAMUEL KOSER, Gettysburg.
Pays Special Deposits
ON CALL,
Without Notice,
and continues to pay its usual
Rates of Interest,
ACCORDING TO TIME
AS FOLLOWS
6 to 12 months, 3 per cent.
12 months, 4 per cent.
and pays interest for any length of time only be left in.
Always keeps its funds at home for the accommodation of its customers, and are ready its
DEPOSITORS.
Has Correspondents in all the large Cities and all the advantages that any Bank can have in making
COLLECTIONS,
both at home and abroad. Also,
In Buying and Selling
ALL MARKETABLE
SECURITIES
AT BEST MARKET PRICES.
Buys Gold and Silver,
Coupons, &c., &c.,
and does all business pertaining to a well regulated Bank.
The business of this Bank has steadily been on the increase ever since its organization, and hopes from a judicious and economical management of its affairs to continue to merit the confidence and patronage of the people
ROBERT BELL,
CASHIER.
Gettysburg, Sept. 11, 1874. tf

ADAMS COUNTY
Mutual Fire Insurance Company
INCORPORATED MARCH 15, 1841.
OFFICERS
President—George Swope.
Vice-President—Samuel H. Russel.
Secretary—H. A. Buehler.
Treasurer—F. A. Fahrney.
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, H. A. Picking, Jacob King.
Managers—George Swope, D. A. Buehler, J. McCurdy, H. L. Russel, E. G. Fahrney, Gettysburg; Jacob King, Strahan; Township: Samuel Mort, Bendersville; H. A. Picking, Straban; A. W. Morris, East Berlin; Wm. Ross White, Liberty; H. G. Peters, York Springs.
☞The Company is limited in its operations to the County of Adams. It has been in operation for more than 24 years, and its clear portion has made but one assessment, amounting to over $17,321. Any person insuring in Adams can apply to any of the managers.
☞The Executive Committee meet at the office of the Company, on the last Monday in every month, at 1 o'clock P. M.
Jan. 26, 1876. tf

INVALIDS,
Don't Despair!
Thousands have found relief, and thousands will seek to this Medicine, after exhausting health, pursuing patent medicines in search of health. Oldness of the blood, dizziness of the mind, total broken constitution, loss of appetite, pains and weakness in the stomach, enlargement of the liver, cholerameas of the skin, constipated bowels and bad taste in the mouth, are some of the symptoms which result from a disordered state of the stomach, and are only some of the symptoms of DYSPEPSIA, the parent of more misery than any other disease in the world. Nine-tenths of the human family are dyspeptics. The fields of the busy memory are dark, the whole system is weakened and the whole mind is in a state of gloom, the stomach is troubled, the appetite improved, and the whole system benefited thereby. Nature, in her weakness, is less liable to affect you.
Dr. P. FAHRNEY'S
Celebrated
Blood Cleanser or Panacea.
As a medicine for children, the Panacea is the very only celebrated to take the place of the useless variety of drugs which are annually sold for that purpose, and which are often very injurious. A medicine which possesses the qualities of a cathartic as well as a mild alterative, which can be depended on as arresting disease without the least danger to the child, is of incalculable value to every mother. As a diaphoretic, it is very effective, yet it does not, if given in proper quantities, cause nausea or distress in the stomach or bowels. It is very pleasant to the taste, which is a very important feature in a medicine for children. As a preventive of disease it is unprecedented, it never fails upon feeling its organs and the blood. In all scrofulous diseases, it is the most effective remedy ever offered to the public, and, if given regularly and perseveringly, times out of a thousand to a complete cure. Diseases so common to children may be prevented by its use.
Prepared by P. Fahrney's Sons & Co., Waynesboro', Pa., and Dr. P. FAHRNEY, 36 North Queen street, Lancaster, Pa., for sale by wholesale and retail dealers, and by druggists everywhere. The trade supplied by HILL & CO., Gettysburg.
Oct. 15, 1875. tf

VALUABLE PROPERTY
AT PRIVATE SALE.
THE subscriber offers at Private Sale, the property lately occupied by Rev. Jacob Chambersburg street, near West street, Gettysburg. A LOT OF GROUND, improved with Two-story Log Weatherboarded HOUSE, Back-building, and all necessary outbuildings, a well of good water in the house, and a variety of Fruit Trees.
Bargains can be had by private sale. FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP.
DAVID STERNER.
Sept 22, 1871. tf

D. A. BUEHLER, JOHN P. McCURDY
"Best Always Cheapest."
THE Best and Cheapest
SADDLES,
BRIDLES,
COLLARS, and
HARNESS, of all kinds, in the county are always to be found at the old and well known stand, Baltimore street, opposite the Presbyterian Church.
McCREARY'S.
BRIDLES AND WAGON SADDLES are the most substantially built and neatest. OUR HARNESS (*plain and fancy mounted*) are unequaled in neatness and warranted to be of the very best materials and workmanship.
SUPERIOR LEATHER GRAIN COLLARS CANNOT BE BEAT. They are the best FITTING and most durable.
HEAVY DRAFT HARNESS are made to order, as cheap as they can be made anywhere, and in the most substantial manner.
RIDING BRIDLES, WHIPS, Lashes, Draft Halters, Fly-nets, and everything that is in the line. *None better or cheaper.*
OUR PRICES have been reduced to the lowest living standard.
A liberal percentage for cash, off all bills amounting to $5 or more.
We work nothing but the best stock, and will warrant every article turned out to be in every respect as represented.
The kind of patronage we invite attention from present stock.
☞Call and see and examine Prices and QUALITY.
McCREARY & SON.
Jan. 31, 1876. tf

New Grocery
STORE
IS the room formerly occupied by Henry Mehlhaff, in CHAMBERSBURG STREET, GETTYSBURG, PA., with a prime assortment of GOODS, such as SUGARS, COFFEES, TEAS, SYRUPS, Molasses and Spices of all kinds; FISH, SALT, SOAP, Brooms, Woodware, Cordage and Stone-ware, Dishes, Canned Fruits and Vegetables, Sardines and Lard; FRESH BUTTER, FAMILY FLOUR AND FEED; Dried Fruit, such as peaches, tomatoes, cherries, blackberries, apples and huckleberries; Dried Corn, Rice and Beans; NAILS and GLASS, and everything generally kept in a first-class Grocery, all of which I will sell at the lowest living profit. Give him a call and judge for yourselves.
DAVID STERNER.
☞Produce taken in exchange for Groceries.
I also wish to call the attention of the public to the fact that I am still carrying on the
FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP,
and manufacture various kinds of Machines, Threshers, Powers, Cornshellers, Cutters, Corn Shellers, Horse Rakes, Plows of different kinds and sizes. All kinds of CASTINGS made to order. Also now PREPARED to make all kinds of machine repairing.
DAVID STERNER.
Gettysburg Foundry, Adams co., Pa.
April 15, 1876. tf

BUGGIES-CARRIAGES.
THE undersigned informs his friends and the public generally, that he continues to build
Falling-Top, Standing-Top, and Trotting BUGGIES,
CARRIAGES, JAGGERS, &c.,
of different styles—all of No. 1 material and workmanship. So sure of expense saved in making work tasteful and durable—all warranted, if left with the time, and satisfactory in price as well as character. Finished work on hand, and orders solicited.
Repairing
attended to promptly and in the best manner.
Establishment in East Middle St., Gettysburg, one square and a half east of the Court-house. Call and see for yourselves.
JACOB TROXEL.
April 17, 1875. tf

JOHN A. LUSK,
Horse Trainer.
THE undersigned, having secured the AGRICULTURAL FAIR GROUNDS, GETTYSBURG, for the coming season, is prepared to
TAKE HORSES TO TRAIN.
The track is in fine order and unsurpassed. THE BREAKING AND TRAINING OF colts a SPECIALTY. Horses taken to board at moderate rates. Terms reasonable. All orders addressed to the undersigned will be promptly attended to. Refer to the Agricultural Society. Address
JOHN A. LUSK,
April 7, 1875. tf Gettysburg, Pa.

Hall in New Oxford.
THE undersigned has erected, in NEW OXFORD, Adams county, Pa., a commodious and comfortable HALL, for the accommodation of LODGES, EXHIBITIONS, CETILLION PARTIES, etc. His terms will always be found reasonable. Apply to or address
J. H. WIRT.
New Oxford, Adams county, Pa.
Feb. 16, 1877. tf

Charles G. Miller,
AUCTIONEER,
RESIDING in Mount Pleasant township, Adams county—Post Office *Green Ridge*—offers his services to the public. Rent as moderate as any one else. Charge moderate, and satisfaction guaranteed.
Oct. 5, 1877.

Sale Crying,
A. GEALY CRYING on hand the continued patronage of the public. I solicit a continuance of the same, and will endeavor to give satisfaction. Charges moderate. Residence in West Middle street, Gettysburg.
Nov. 12, 1877.

Western Lands.
I HAVE some valuable WESTERN LAND which I will sell on terms or more FARMS in this county. The lands are well located, are very desirable for farming. Early apply to or address
J. BRINKERHOFF, 1
Gettysburg, April 3, 1866

REPORT
OF the condition of THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF GETTYSBURG, at the close of business, Dec. 18, 1877:
RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$100,658 00
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	100,000 00
Other Stocks, Bonds and Mortgages	12,031 67
Due from approved reserve agents	5,923 98
Due from other National Banks	1,085 26
Due from State Banks and Bankers	1,558 50
Real Estate, Furniture and Fixtures	2,300 00
Current expenses and Taxes paid	700 79
Premiums paid	182 81
Checks and other cash items	1,104 00
Bills of other National Banks	481 00
Fractional currency (including nickels)	75 18
Specie, (including gold Treasury Certificates)	681 00
Legal Tender Notes	11,781 00
Redemption Fund with the U. S. Treas. (5 per cent. of circulation)	4,500 00
Total	$261,191 81

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in	$100,000 00
Surplus Fund	15,000 00
Undivided profits	10,066 76
National Bank notes outstanding	90,000 00
Dividends unpaid	400 00
Individual deposits subject to check	22,863 33
Demand certificates of deposit	13,757 90
Due to other National Banks	2,930 38
Due to State banks and bankers	959 21
Total	$261,191 81

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, } ss.
COUNTY OF ADAMS, }
I, ROBERT BELL, Cashier of the First National Bank of Gettysburg, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
ROBERT BELL, *Cashier.*
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1st day of Jan., 1878.
A. J. COVER,
CHARLES—Attest:
PETER SHELLY,
ALEX. SCOTT,
PETER BIRNIE. } Directors.

IMPORTANT
NOTICE!
HAVING disposed of the accumulated money on account of revival of business, the special notice reducing the rate of interest to 3 per cent. is cancelled, and advanced to 4 per cent. per annum and 3 per cent. for six months. We were, with the rest of judicious and well-managed moneyed institutions, compelled to reduce the rate for our safety and that of our depositors. The revival of business warrants an advance we think due our depositors, and therefore advance the rate for their benefit.
J. EMORY BAIR,
Jan. 4, 1878. tf Cashier.
GETTYSBURG
NATIONAL
BANK.
Capital $145,150.
PAYS INTEREST
ANNUAL DIVIDENDS
OF
12 PER CENT.
Declared for the past Eight Years.
ON DEPOSITS
WITHOUT
NOTICE.
PRESIDENT
GEORGE SWOPE.
CASHIER,
J. EMORY BAIR.
DIRECTORS
DAVID WILLS, Gettysburg.
DAVID KENDLEHART, Gettysburg.
Hon. WM. McSHERRY, Littlestown.
LEWIS M. MOTTER, Emmitsburg.
HENRY WIRT, Hanover.
WM. YOUNG, Hanover.
WM. D. HIMES, New Oxford.
JACOB RESSER, East Berlin.
March 30, 1876. tf

NOTICE.
REPORT
OF the condition of the GETTYSBURG NATIONAL BANK, The close of business, Dec. 28, 1877:
RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$207,017 82
U. S. Bonds to secure Circulation	145,000 00
Other stocks, bonds and mortgages	10,816 25
Due from approved Reserve Agents	41,986 27
Due from other National Banks	1,071 12
Due from State Banks and Bankers	2,587 57
Real estate, furniture and fixtures	7,000 00
Current expenses and Taxes paid	191 68
Checks and other cash items	1,000 00
Bills of other National Banks	3,440 00
Fractional Currency (including nickels)	68 81
Specie, including gold Treasury Certificates	181 00
Legal Tender Notes	11,640 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)	6,525 00
	$440,266 73

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in	$145,150 00
Surplus Fund	10,000 00
Undivided profits	21,767 20
National Bank notes outstanding	126,000 00
State Bank notes outstanding	678 00
Dividends unpaid	2,769 00
Individual Deposits	72,912 93
Demand certificates of deposit	187,976 47
Due to other National Banks	8,821 81
Due to State Banks and Bankers	409 32
	$580,205 73

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, } ss.
COUNTY OF ADAMS, }
I, J. EMORY BAIR, Cashier of the Gettysburg National Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
J. EMORY BAIR, *Cashier.*
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 8th day of Jan., 1878.
A. AUGHINBAUGH,
Correct—Attest:
JESSE WIRT,
WM. D. HIMES,
DAVID WILLS. } Directors.

DON'T FORGET
THAT
JOSEPH JACOBS
MAKES IT A RULE TO
SELL CHEAP!
CALL and his Merchant Tailoring establishment, Baltimore street, near the Diamond, Gettysburg, and be convinced.
His stock is unusually large and varied this season, and satisfied that he can please any taste, he invites the whole public to make an inspection of goods and prices.
Tailoring continued as heretofore, and goods bought at this Store cost free of charge.
April 13, 1876. tf

LOOK HERE!
Manock & Hollebaugh
CONTINUE business on Stratton street, Gettysburg, they are prepared to build to order, and will keep on hand,
BUGGIES,
FALLING TOPS AND SO-FORTH,
*